The Bombay Gazette.

No.6,8890.—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1868. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty Two

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance, delivered in Town.....Rs. 52 0
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SHIPPING.*

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF VIA KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.)

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under mail contract with Government, will after 6th April next despatch a Steamer every 14 days to the Persian Gulf, touching at Kurrachee, Guadar, Muscat, Bander Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao and Bussorah.

The Steam-ship "KURRACHEE," 600 tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Cottier, will be despatched to the Persian Gulf on Monday the 20th April, at noon.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under mail contract with Government, and in connection with the weekly service from England despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every Monday at noon.

The Steam-ship "PENANG," 800 tons, 150 H. P., Commander R. Taunton, will be despatched to Kurrachee on Monday the 13th April, at noon.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under contract with Government, despatch steamers as above with mails, passengers, and cargo on the following dates:—

Leave Bombay	15	Leave Calcutta	15
" Carwar	16	" Bimlipatam	18
" Mangalore	17	" Vizagapatam	18
" Cannanore	18	" Coconada	19
&c. Calicut	18	" Madras	23
" Cochin	19	" Pondicherry	
" Tuticorin	20	" Negapatam	24
" Colombo	20	" Galle	
" Galle		" Colombo	27
" Negapatam	24	" Tuticorin	28
" Pondicherry		" Cochin	29
" Madras	27	" Calicut	30
" Coconada	29	" Cannanore	1
" Vizagapatam	30	" Mangalore	1
" Bimlipatam	30	" Carwar	2
Arrive Calcutta	3	" Arrive Bombay	4

The Steam Ship "BURMAH," 1,925 Tons, 200 H. P., Commander A. Grey, will sail for the above ports on THURSDAY, the 16th April, at noon, calling at Vingorla on the voyage if inducement offers.

The steamers leaving Calcutta and Bombay on the 15th of the month, call at Tuticorin and Colombo.

This route is the most expeditious and economical for passengers for the Neilgherrie district, Bangalore, and Madras, who can land at Calicut for Beypore, and proceed from thence by rail.

Passengers for Calcutta can take the same route, picking up the steamer at Madras.

Passengers for Rangoon, Akyab or Moulmein can proceed by the steamers of the 15th and tranship to the Rangoon mail steamer which leaves Madras on the 3rd.

N. B.—Until further notice there will be no steamers leaving Bombay and Calcutta on the 1st of each month for the Coast and intermediate ports.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 17th March 1868.

THE first class Steamer "PHLOX," Baker Commander, will leave Bombay for the undernoted places every TUESDAY, having Goods and Passengers, starting from the Apollo Bunder at 4 P. M. viz:—

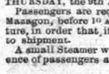
Unjunwell.	Malwan.
Ratnagherry.	Vingorla.
Jeytapoor.	Goa.

For Freight or Passage apply to NUSSERWANJEE KERSASJEE, Manager, Bazaar Gate Street, and for Charter to Messrs. DADABHOY RUTTONJEE, & Co., Nesbit Lane, Fort.

Bombay, 5th March 1868.

WEEKLY COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND.

On SATURDAY, 11th APRIL, at 3 P. M., from Mazagon.



THE P. & O. Co.'s S. S. "RANGOON," Captain D. Rennoldson, will leave for Suez as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails, also passengers and cargo for that Port, Marseilles, Southampton, &c.

Cargo can also be booked through to Trieste, Liverpool, or London.

No cargo can be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 3 P.M. on THURSDAY, the 9th April, but not later.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon, before 10 A. M. on the day of the Steamer's departure, in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave Maragon Sunder for the convenience of passengers at 3 P.M., precisely on the day of sailing.

G. F. HENRY, Superintendent

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office, Rampart Row, Bombay.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

(To sail with quick despatch.)

MESSRS. TEIGH and SMITH'S well known Ship "COLDSTREAM," A 1., 700 Tons register, Captain Ponsonby. For Freight and Passage apply to EWART, LATHAM & Co., or, Messrs. BLAY and MACKINTOSH, Brokers.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(To sail about 31st instant.)

The Ship "PERISIAN," 710 tons register, Captain Watt, classed in Veritas. This Ship has just come out of Dock, having been caulked and coppered, is now ready to receive Cargo and will be despatched as above.

For further particulars apply to W. NICOL & Co., Bombay, 8th April 1868. Agents of Ship *Persian*.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE A 1 Ship "TEMPEST," Captain Houlton, will be despatched about the 15th May. For light freight apply to B. P. FIELD, Jr., Tudor Co.'s Ice House.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "DILBHUR," arrived from London, are requested to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents of Ship *Dilbhur*.

Bombay, 6th April 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "EDWIN FOX," arrived from London, are requested to despatch Boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents of Ship *Edwin Fox*.

Bombay, 6th April 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Ship "ROYAL ALFRED," Captain Whiting, from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats for their Goods without delay, failing which all Packages and Goods so soon as ready will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

Captain Whiting will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

J. A. SHEPHERD, Agent.

Bombay, 6th April 1868.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

GENTLEMEN proceeding Home should procure their requirements at BADHAM'S, the Goods will be found suited to the climate and of the most modern style.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE VOYAGE.

4 Dozen Silk and Wool Shirts.	1 Scarf Ring.
2 " Linen Collars.	1 Walking Stick.
4 " Under-Vests.	1 Umbrella.
1 " Fine White Cotton Socks.	1 Binocular Glass.
1 " Fine Colored do.	1 Rug with Strap.
1 " White Cambric Handkerchiefs.	1 Dressing Bag.
1 " Colored do. do.	1 Hand Portmanteau.
1 (one) Overland Suit.	2 Overland Trunks.
2 (two) Sleeping Suits.	1 Clothes Bag.
2 (two) Pairs Kid Gloves.	1 Opera Hat.
6 (six) Scarfs and Ties.	1 Travelling Hat.
Apollo House.	1 Courier Bag.
	1 Easy Chair.
	BADHAM & Co.

CORRESPONDING FIRM:

BADHAM BROTHERS.

KID GLOVES, "JUST LANDED."

LADIES' Best French Kid Gloves with two buttons in Straw and Grey.

LADIES' Best French White Kid Gloves with black backs.

LADIES' White Kid Gloves. "Make Jouvins."

GENTLEMEN'S Gloves in White, Straw, Grey, Light, and Dark Drabs.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

R. WHITCHELO, House Decorator and Painter. Writing, Gilding, Marbling and Graining. Shipping orders promptly attended to. Oils and Paints supplied ready for use on the shortest notice. Estimates given for general repairs.

R. WHITCHELO,

35, Nesbit Lane, Mazagon, near the P. and O. Club.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, VENICE, GENOA, HAVRE, ADEN, AND SUEZ.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited), under arrangements with other first class lines of Steamers from Alexandria, undertake to give through Bills of Lading for Goods via Egypt to the above and most other Continental Ports.

A limited number of Passengers can be accommodated.

Rates of Fare.

To Suez—1st class £45. 2nd class £25. } exclusive
To Trieste.—1st class £64 10s., 2nd class £37 5s. } of Wines.

Steamers leave Bombay on the 20th of each month and Suez on or near the 15th.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. STEPHEN, KENNARD & Co., London; Messrs. TOD, KENNARD & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. TOD, RATHBONE & Co., Alexandria; AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Trieste and Venice, and Messrs. FRAISSINET PERE, et FILS, Marseilles; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

The S. S. "KRISHNA," 1,500 Tons, will be despatched on the 30th April.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.

Bombay, 1st April 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Goods, per "SEAFORTH," Woodward Master, from Calcutta, are requested to send off Boats for their Cargo without delay, otherwise the Goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand, at the expense and risk of the concerned.

Captain WOODWARD will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

RENNIE, SCOVELL, & Co.
Agents for Captain Woodward.

Bombay, 7th April 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Goods, per Ship "WEATHERSFIELD," Captain A. Morris, from London, are requested to send off Boats for their Cargo without delay, otherwise the Goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand at the expense and risk of the concerned. Captain A. Morris will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

REMINGTON & Co.,
Agents for Capt. Morris.

Bombay, 6th April 1868.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of Goods, per "HARTFELL," Courtnay, Master, from Liverpool, are requested to send off Boats for their Cargo without delay, otherwise the Goods will be landed by the Captain as they come to hand, at the expense and risk of the concerned.

Captain Courtnay will not be responsible for the condition of any package after it leaves the Ship's deck.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents for Captain Courtnay.

Bombay, 2nd April 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo, per Barque "LAURETTA," Captain McPherson, from London, are requested to send Boats alongside to take delivery of their Goods as they come to hand, failing which they will be landed by the Captain on account and risk of the concerned.

Captain McPherson will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has once left the Vessel's deck.

Delivery Orders, accompanied with Bills of Lading, to be sent to us for countersignature.

BLACKWELL & Co.,
Agents for Captain McPherson, Barque *Lauretta*.

Bombay, 30th March 1868.

NOTICES.

NOW OPENED—THE TEMPERANCE COFFEE AND DINING ROOMS, Bell Lane, Fort, by the Proprietress I. BRYSON.

A private Room for Ladies.

A private entrance with Female Attendance.

Private Board and Residence.

Charges exceedingly moderate to suit the times.

Soups always ready.

APOLLO BONDED WAREHOUSE COMPANY (LIMITED).—AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS, of the Apollo Bonded Warehouse Company, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company in Elphinstone Circle, on MONDAY the 13th day of April next, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of passing such Resolutions as may be necessary for the voluntary winding up of the Company and sale of the Company's Premises.

W. NICOL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 27th March 1868.

PORT CANNING LAND INVESTMENT RECLAMATION, AND DOCK COMPANY (LIMITED.)—It is hereby notified, by order of the Calcutta Board of Directors that the registration of transfer of SHARES in the Company, standing in the names of F. SCHILLER G. M. STRATHERS, H. REINHOLD, E. VANCUTSERE, J. M. HALL and J. BORRADAILE will be stopped until the first Call of Rupees one thousand per share be paid upon five hundred shares numbered 2796 to 3295.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 3rd January, 1868.

COTTON SEED.—The Cotton Commissioner, Bombay, is now prepared to supply the following COTTON SEEDS, for sowing during the approaching season, and at the prices affixed to each variety, as follows:—

New Orleans	(imported)	Rs. 25 per cwt.
Ditto	(Dharwar grown)	Rs. 4 Do.
Sea Island	(imported)	Rs. 25 Do.
Egyptian	(imported)	Rs. 10 Do.

These rates are exclusive of packing and transport charges when forwarded to the Mofussil.

As a general average an acre of ground requires from ten to twelve pounds of Seed.

It is requested that requisitions may be forwarded with as little delay as possible, in order that applicants may be enabled to make their own arrangement for the careful preservation of their Seed until sowing time.

With exception of the "Dharwar New Orleans," all the abovenamed Seeds are in store at Bombay. The former variety is also now on its way to the Depot, being fresh Seed of last season's growth.

Applications should be endorsed on the Cover "REQUISITION FOR COTTON SEED," and addressed to the "COTTON COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY, care of the Senior Cotton Inspector, Bombay."

G. F. FORBES, Cotton Commissioner.

Cotton Commissioner's Office, March, 1868.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.—Late Supreme Court File.

Equity Side.

Manockbai, widow of Dorabjee Framjee, deceased ..... } *Plaintiff.*
Versus.
Dadabhoy Framjee and Cooverjee Hormusjee Bhaba, the Executors of last Will and Testament of Eduljee Framjee, deceased, and Nusserwanjee Manockjee ..... } *Defendants.*

Pursuant to a Decretal Order made in the above Cause, and bearing date the 15th day of September 1866, the following PROPERTY will be sold in three several Lots by PUBLIC AUCTION before CHARLES EDWARD FOX, Esquire, Master in Equity, at his Office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY the 22nd day of April 1868:—

Lot No. 1

All the Estate and Interest of Eduljee Framjee, deceased (the testator in the Pleadings in the above cause mentioned), in all that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax, situate at Hunoooman Street, within the Fort of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house, and premises standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 3, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 445, situated in the sub-district of Fort, situate on the west side of the Hunoooman Street, formerly occupied by Eduljee Framjee, deceased, and now occupied by Dadabhoy Framjee, and which said premises are subject to free passage for sweeper and for refuse water, allowed to Byramjee Jamsetjee Putvurgur, his heirs, and assigns, and contain by admeasurement 130 square yards or thereabouts; and are bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by the Hunoooman Street, on or towards the West by the property of Hormusjee Burjorjee, on or towards the South by the property of Byramjee Jamsetjee, and on or towards the North by the property of Rustomjee Nowrojee Ardhu.

Lot No. 2.

All the Estate and Interest of Eduljee Framjee, deceased (the testator in the Pleadings in the above cause mentioned), in all that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, situate at Tod Street, within the Fort of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house, and premises standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 8, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 94, situated in the sub-district of Fort, situate on the south side of Tod Street, formerly occupied by Eduljee Framjee or his tenants, and now occupied by Manockbai, widow of Dorabjee Framjee, and others; and which said premises contain by admeasurement 82 square yards or thereabouts, and are bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by the property of Furdoonjee Framjee, on or towards the West by the property of Pestonjee Nowrojee, on or towards the South by the property of Eduljee Framjee Albesse, and on or towards the North by the Tod Street.

Lot No. 3.

All that Estate and Interest of Eduljee Framjee, deceased (the testator in the Pleadings of the above cause mentioned), in all that piece or parcel of land or Government ground, situate at Erskine Road, without the Fort of Bombay, together with two messuages, tenements, or dwelling-houses standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 25, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2,350, situated in the sub-district of Bholeshwur in the Girgaum and Malabar Hill ward, situate on the north side of the said Erskine Road, formerly occupied by Eduljee Framjee, deceased, or his tenants, and now occupied by Muncherjee Bhicajee; and which said premises contain by admeasurement 381 square yards or thereabouts, and are bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by the property of Ali Sahib bin Bailoo Meya Coor, on or towards the West by the property of Shaik Husson Movinker, on or towards the North by the Public Street, and on or towards the South by the Erskine Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made at the Office of the MASTER IN EQUITY, or at the Office of Mr. KHUNDERAO MOROJEE, Solicitor for the Plaintiff abovenamed, No. 3 Hummum Street, or at the Office of Messrs. LEATHES, Solicitors for the Defendant, DADABHOY FRAMJEE, No. 4 Meadow Street, or at the Office of Messrs. MACFARLANE and GREEN, Solicitors for the Defendant COOVERJEE HORMUSJEE BHABA, Apollo Street.—Dated this 31st day of March 1868.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Master in Equity.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. BADHAM & Company, HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN. By Appointment.

Apollo House. Bombay.

SUCCESSIVELY appointed by the late EARLS CANNING and ELGIN, and by the present Viceroy and Governor General of India, His Excellency The Right Hon'ble SIR JOHN MAIR LAWRENCE, G. C. B., K. S. I.

SEASON 67.

Messrs. BADHAM & Co, beg to call the attention of their constitutients and non-constituents to the large Shipments landed. The Goods have been selected personally by Mr. BADHAM at the Paris Exhibition and the best European Markets from prize Goods.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

	Rs.	Rs.
BADHAM'S Fine Bro Cotton Socks, per dozen	11	to 31
BADHAM'S Superfine Bro. Cotton Socks	16	" 18
BADHAM'S Balbriggan Socks embossed Silk	18	" 24
BADHAM'S Fine Striped and Fancy Socks	16	" 20
BADHAM'S Spanish Bro. Merino Socks		" 16
BADHAM'S Superior Grey Merino Socks	16	" 18
BADHAM'S Superfine Fancy Merino Socks	15	" 24
BADHAM'S Striped Lisle Thread Socks	16	" 18
BADHAM'S Fancy and Striped Silk Socks	28	" 45
BADHAM'S Ribbed Knickerbocker Stockings	3	" 4
BADHAM'S Celebrated Gauze under Vests	3	" 4
BADHAM'S Celebrated Silk and Wool Vests	4	" 5
BADHAM'S Celebrated India Gauze Vests	6	" 8
BADHAM'S Silk and Wool Pants	6	" 8
BADHAM'S India Gauze Pants	7	" 8
BADHAM'S Grey Merino Pants	6	" 8
BADHAM'S Bathing Drawers Striped and Fancy.	2	" 3

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

	Rs.	A.
BADHAM'S White Zephyr Shirts per dox. 50, 55, 60,	65	0
BADHAM'S Dress Zephyr Shirts "	75	0
BADHAM'S Pure all Wool Shirts, Shrunk, each	10	8
BADHAM'S Pure Silk and Wool Shirts "	10	8
BADHAM'S Pure Cashmere Shirts "	10	8
BADHAM'S Spun Silk Shirts "	12	8
BADHAM'S French Printed Shirts "	70	0
BADHAM'S Spun Silk Sleeping Suits	25	0
BADHAM'S Cashmere Sleeping Suits indispensable	20	0
BADHAM'S Silk and Wool Sleeping Suits	20	0
THE PRINCE OF WALES'S Colored Shirts a new Material	8	8

COLLAR DEPARTMENT.

BADHAM'S Regent and India Collars	Rs.	7 0
BADHAM'S Champion and Belgium	"	7 0
BADHAM'S Calcutta with Tie	"	7 8
BADHAM'S Continental and Olympie	"	7 0
BADHAM'S Pallmall and Shakspere	"	7 8
BADHAM'S West End	"	7 0

FANCY DEPARTMENT.

The Paris Exposition Prize Scarf	Rs.	4 0
The Royal Windsor for Sailors Knot	"	3 0
The Royal Satin Spot	"	4 0

An immense assortment of all the new Scarfs and Ties.

BRACES.

Guyots French Brace	Rs.	2
Guyots Leather Brace	"	3
Guyots West End	"	2
The Royal Courier Bag	"	8 to 12
The Best Silk Umbrellas	"	12 " 16
The Brighton Walking Stick	"	2 " 7
The Prize Cambric Handkerchief	"	18 " 20
The Prize Colored Cambric "	"	14 " 18
The Hemmed Stitched "	"	16 " 18
White Cambric Handkerchief	"	10 " 16

JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.

Gold Solitaires for Gentlemen	Rs.	14 to 20
Gold Link Studs	"	16 " 30
Gold Collar Studs	"	6 " 8
Gold Shirt Studs	"	14 " 30
Gold Scarf Rings	"	8 " 12
Gold and Ivory Shirt, Wrist and Neck Studs.	"	2 " 6

Overland Trunks, Railway Portmanteans of every description, Leather Bags, Leather Hat Cases, Leather Trunks, Railway Wrappers, and Mauds.

PIECE GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Tweeds, Silk and Wool Flannel, All Wool Flannel, French Prints, Manchester Prints, Linens, Towelling, Sheeting, Damask Table Covers, Damask Napkins, Royal Turkish Towel.

THE following GOODS are being sold at BADHAM & Company's Apollo House, at London cost Price.

		Rs. as.
MILITARY Doe Gloves	per pair	1 8
COLLARS Regent	"	5 0
COLLARS with Tie & Fancy	"	5 0
CHRIST'S Drab Felt Hats	"	5 0
COTTON Socks White	"	10 0
COTTON Socks Colored	"	10 0
UNDER Vests Merino, each		4 0
TRAVELLING Suits		20 0
TRAVELLING Shirts		8 8
FALSE SHIRT CUFFS "Double" per doz.		8 0
OVERLAND TRUNKS, Southgate's		25 0
OVERLAND CHAIRS		10 0
RUGS AND MAUDS		16 0
JOUVINS KID GLOVES "Gentleman's"		2 12

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

THE ANCHOR LINEN FACED COLLAR.

ONE RUPEE PER DOZ.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

MESSRS. BADHAM & Co. beg to draw the attention of TRAVELLERS and others to their "SPECIAL KIT" prepared and always on hand. The Kit comprises everything necessary as a moderate cost, and can only be procured at BADHAM & COMPANY'S, Apollo House.

CORRESPONDING FIRM:

BADHAM BROTHERS.

D. S. KEMP & Co's ADVERTISEMENTS.

THEIR BUSINESS is under the management of D. S. Kemp, eight years partner in the late firm of ROGERS & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists; and has been specially organized for the dispensing of prescriptions, and the importation and manufacture of pure drugs, chemicals, and pharmaceutical preparations. Every appliance has been provided both in the laboratory and dispensing department to ensure correctness and rapidity in compounding medicine, and to facilitate the preparation of remedies of guaranteed purity.

The dispensing of prescriptions is carried on by astaff of trained assistants under the immediate supervision of the mansger, and is controlled by a system of check which, he ventures to think, will secure public confidence.

D. S. KEMP and Co.'s Medical Circular.

English Vaccine Lymph in capillary Tubes.

The following Salts of Quinine:—

Arseniate,
Phosphate,
Lactate,
Kinate,
Urate,
Hydriodate.

Phloridzine,
Berberine,
Cetrarine,
Piperine,
Extractum Physostigmatis.
Tinctura Physostigmatis, a reliable preparation.
Aperient Lemonade Bottles and Half Bottles.
Pancreatine for assisting the digestion of fat at meals.
Inhalers for the Inhalations of the British Pharmacopœia.
Lee's Mercurial Vapour Baths.

5 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

LIEBIG'S SOLID EXTRACT OF MUTTON —although inferior in flavor the Liquid Extract, to is, from its lower price and general excellence, remarkably adapted as an article of food.

A pamphlet containing upwards of thirty receipts (principally furnished by the Chief de Cuisine, Carlton Club) for preparing Soups, Sauces, Gravies, Sandwiches, &c., will be supplied on application.

In pots—Rs. 2, Rs. 4, and Rs. 7.

5 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

LIEBIG'S NUTRITIVE EXTRACT.—At prepared by D. S. KEMP & Co. from the finest meats is much superior to the imported preparation. Being liquid, it is much more convenient in administration or use; being free from *air bubbles* which abound in the solid extract, it keeps better and in point of *flavor* the latter is not to be compared with it.

Bottles Rs. 1-8, Rs. 3, Rs. 5, and Rs. 10 each.

5, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

ROBB'S NURSERY BISCUITS, and BISCUITS POWDER.—Fresh supplies are constantly received Overland by the undersigned agents for Messrs. Alex. Robb & Co.

5, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

TOBACCOS (Wills of Bristol).

5 Elphinstone Circle. D. S. KEMP & Co.

CLARET, choice Breakfast Bordeaux, in first rate condition, just received and bottled by

5 Elphinstone Circle. D. S. KEMP & Co.

N.B.—Price remarkably low.

EVERY TRAVELLER should provide himself with one of D. S. Kemp & Co.'s MEDICINE CHESTS, with which he may in comparative safety encounter any change of climate or other influence obnoxious to health.

They may be had of every size and form; from the large Regimental pattern suited for Contractors, to the small Leather and Oak Chests for private use.

Exploring or Surveying Parties will find them invaluable; Chests are fitted when required with Waterproof Covers and Straps for protection and portability.

Besides having their particular patterns made in England, D. S. K. & Co. employ their own Machanics here to alter or construct Chests for special purposes as required.

In the absence of special directions from the Physician, Kemp's Medicine Chest Companion, written expressly for the Chests, supplies full and simple instructions for the use of each remedy.

5, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. D. S. KEMP & Co.

NOTICES.

IMPORTANT TO EVERY HOUSEHOLDER IN BOMBAY.—Samples of MOULE'S EARTH CLOSETS have been landed, and Gentlemen are solicited to call at our Offices, in Dean-Lane, any week day between 4 and 5 P. M. to inspect them. No Bungalow can be properly furnished without an Earth Closet. Orders will be registered for them by

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

THE BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED (in Liquidation).—NOTICE is hereby given that a THIRD DISTRIBUTION of ASSETS of Rs. 250 per Share will be paid on production of Share Certificates at the Registered Office of the Company, Elphinstone Circle, on and after THURSDAY, April 9th, 1868.

W. F. STEARNS, } Liquidators of the
MORARJEE GOCULDASS, } B. & B. S. S. Co., Ld.

Bombay, 8th April 1868.

NOTICE TO OVERLAND PASSENGERS —Messrs. ROGHE & Co., 14, Meadow Street, have been appointed Agents for the undersigned, and will arrange to land all heavy luggage from Steamers for Passengers proceeding Inland by Deccan Horse Dak as well as ship it from the Railway Station for those bound homewards.—Daks will also be booked at the Office, 14 Meadow Street.

HOWARD BROTHERS,
Proprietors "Deccan Horse Dak" and "Jubbulpore Bullock Train."

Bombay, 1st April 1868.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned TEAK TIMBER will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at Hatgurh, in the Abhena Peta, of the Khandeish Zilla, on the 5th May 1868:—

2,800 Teak Logs, superior
2,000 Teak Posts.

Further information will be afforded on application to the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Khandeish, or to the Mahalkurry of Abhena.

F. SHEPPARD,
Acting Collector.

Khandeish, Collector's Camp, Talloda, 3rd April 1868

THE COMMERCIAL, FINANCE, AND STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION, LIMITED, (UNDER LIQUIDATION).—At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Commercial, Finance, and Stock Exchange Corporation (Limited), held at the Office of Messrs HEARN, CLEVELAND, and PEILE, Attorneys to the Liquidators, on the 4th of April instant, the following Resolutions were passed unanimously:—

That the Report and Accounts laid before the Meeting be adopted.

That the Liquidators having conducted the business in a satisfactory manner for a very long time without having employed a manager to assist them, a bonus of one and a half per cent in addition to the commission of two and half per cent. be paid them on realised assets, and that a sum of Rs. 1,000 be presented to Mr. Anundrow Venerao for his valuable assistance rendered to the Liquidators.

G. S. CLAY.
Chairman of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

DON'T READ THIS!

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE.

Proprietor.—The Honourable Vaniaekrow Juggonathjee Sunkersett.

Sole Lessee.—His Extravagancy Dave Carson, D. C. M.

DAVE CARSON'S MINSTRELS,

SATURDAY, 11TH APRIL.

CONTINUED SUCCESS.

NEW SONGS.
LOCAL HITS',
COMIC SAYINGS,
REFINED MUSIC.

A GRAND COMBINATION OF TALENT will present itself in this

ENTERTAINMENT,

COMPRISING A

UNITY OF NATIONS.

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN, AND AMERICAN ARTISTS.

RE-APPEARANCE OF

RAM JAM THUNDA GHOSE, B.A.

PLENTY JOCOSITY.

Mr. BURTON

will again appear in his Original Character of

HERR VON SCHPITZPOOB.

RE-APPEARANCE OF

Mr. G. SOUTHAM,

in his Original Character of

DANDY JAKE,

received on the first night with Vociferous Applause.

DAVE CARSON,

will Sing his Favourite Song of

THAT'S SO—

with new
LOCAL VERSES,
Introducing Topics on
ABYSSINIA,
TIGER SKINS,
THE BOMBAY BANK,
FINANCIALS,
ACT TWENTY-EIGHT,
CRAWFORD'S ROTTEN ROW,
DONATIONS versus DOCTORS' FEES,
THE GUICOWAR'S CHUDDER,
MISS PRESCOTT'S SCHOOL FUND,
AND
"TICKET MEM NAE MUNGTA."

READ! MARK!! LEARN!!!

PART FIRST.

MADEMOISELLE MALANIE

will preside at the Pianoforte.

MEDLEY OVERTURE—*Selection*,.....D. Carson's Minstrels.
OPENING CHORUS,—*Joy, Joy, Freedom*
To-day.....Company.
I'LL MEET THEE IN THE LANE, ...Mr. S. Herberte.
M, O, Z, U, F, F, E, R, N, U, G, G, E, S,..Dave Carson.
KISS ME, MOTHER, I'SE I DIE .....Mr. W. Burton.
RING, RING THE BANJO, ...,, G. Southam.
COME HOME, FATHER, *(By request)* ... ,, S. Herberte.

Part First will conclude with the old Original Favourite Song, entitled,

THAT'S SO.

with New Local Verses,

DAVE CARSON.

An Interval of Ten Minutes.

PART SECOND.

Favourite Scotch Ballad.....Castles in the Air,

Mr. W. BURTON.

Mr. G. SOUTHAM,
In his Original Song and Dance, entitled,

DANDY JAKE,

VIOLIN SOLO.....(*Inciadi Lammermoor.*)

MONSIEUR SEMELADIS.

Pianoforte Accompaniment,

MADEMOISELLE MELANIE.

GRAND ARIA,..... (*Il Barbiere*), ...Rossini,

MADEMOISELLE SEMELADIS.

PART SECOND will conclude, *by particular desire*, with the Original and Inimitable Impersonation of the

BENGALEE BABOO,

BY

DAVE CARSON.

An Interval of Ten Minutes.

PART THIRD

will Conclude the Evening's Entertainment with the Laughable Burlesque Scene, entitled,

THE GERMAN ARTIST,

OR

CHEAP PHOTOGRAPHY IN BOMBAY.

HERR VON SCHPITZPOOB, *Operator*, ...Mr. W. Burton.
SAM, *a Saucy Domestic*,.....Mr. G. Southam,
JAKE DIBSEY, *a Griffin*, ...Dave Carson.

TERMINATING WITH

A GRAND DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Dress Circle	Rs.	6
Stalls	"	4
Upper Circle	"	3
Pit	"	1

Tickets may be obtained at the Theatre, or of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., where also Seats may be secured.

Doors open at 8.

Trouble begins at 8.45 P. M.

AGONY TERMINATES WHEN ALL'S OVER

NOTICES.

GRAND DERBY SWEEP.—5,000 Tickets, 10 Rs. each. The following Prizes:—

1st Horse Rs. 15,000	}	Divided among remaining
2nd Horse Rs. 10,000	}	Starters Rs. 8,000; Non-Starters
3rd Horse Rs. 5,000	}	ers 13,000.

For Tickets apply, enclosing amount and stamped directed envelope, to Mr. G. MURRAY, General Post Office, Bombay.

GRAND OAKS SWEEP—5,000 Tickets, 10 Rs. each. The following Prizes:—

1st Horse Rs. 15,000	}	Divided among remaining
2nd Horse Rs. 10,000	}	Starters 8,000; Non-Starters
3rd Horse Rs. 5,000	}	12,000.

For Tickets apply, enclosing amount and stamped directed envelope, to Mr. G. MURRAY, General Post Office, Bombay.

NEW BANK OF BOMBAY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the 18th proximo, NO INTEREST will be allowed by the Bank on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The following RATES of INTEREST

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY will be ready EARLY ON SATURDAY MORNING.

It contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, specially written Market and Freight Reports, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION.....Rs. 12
SINGLE COPY.....4 As. each.

Bombay Gazette Office, Meadow Street, Fort, April 10th.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

WILL BE PUBLISHED ON SATURDAY MORNING.

IT CONTAINS a Statement of Imports and Exports; Customs' Duties; Tables of Weights, Monies and Measures; detailed Prices Current of Europe Goods, and Eastern Produce; Lists of Shipping Arrivals and Departures for the week; a List of Square-rigged Vessels in Harbour on the date of publication.

AND A SPECIALLY-WRITTEN WEEKLY REPORT ON THE BOMBAY MARKET.

Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 10.
Single Copy, 8 As. each.

Bombay Gazette Office, Meadow Street, Fort, April 10th.

COMFORTABLE BOARD AND LODGINGS may be had by Gentlemen with a respectable family in Elphinstone Circle, Fort. Terms moderate. Apply to "E. A.," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WE have THIS DAY commenced business as MERCHANTS and COMMISSION AGENTS, under the style of HILL, POLLOCK, and Co., in correspondence with Messrs. HUGHES, HILL, and Co., of Liverpool.

W. T. HILL,
J. KEATINGE POLLOCK.

25 Apollo Street, 7th April 1868.

AUCTION SALE OF LONDONDERRY HARTLEY COAL, AT CARNAC BUNDER.—TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 P. M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at Carnac Bunder, on account and at the risk of DORABJEE NOWROJEE:—

760 Tons LONDONDERRY HARTLEY COAL, landed from the Ship *Marnion*, and now stored on the Carnac Bunder.

TO LET, two FURNISHED COTTAGES at Panchgunny. Rent Rs. 50 per month. Apply to L. LAWSON, No. 1, Oak Lane, Fort.

9th April 1868.

IRON SHIPPING COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—A SECOND DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, *Rs.* 450 per Share, will be payable at our Office on and after 11th April.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents to the Liquidators, Iron Ship Company.

Bombay, 10th April 1868.

NOTICE.—The PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between the undersigned as STEVEDORES, was DISSOLVED on the 8TH APRIL 1868, by mutual consent.

L. LAWSON,
H. J. SUMNER.

The business will in future be carried on by me.

9th April 1868. L. LAWSON.

THE GRAND FINANCE COMPANY (LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE.—An EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company, will be held on MONDAY, the 20th April 1868, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Company's Office, No. 8, Church Lane, for the following business:—

1st.—Statement of the Company's position.
2nd.—The course to be pursued with the remaining Debts due to the Company.
3rd.—The non-applied for dividends—how to be disposed of.
4th.—The Manager's claim for unexpired portion of agreement.

W. GILBERT, Liquidator.

Bombay, 9th April 1868.

BOMBAY SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that at an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS, held on the 7th instant, the following Resolution, passed on the 23rd March, was confirmed:—

"That the Secretaries and Treasurers be, and they are hereby, authorized to distribute the sum of Rs. 350 per Share to the Members of the Company out of the Reserve Fund and Paid-up Capital of the Company, in the proportion of Rs. 100 per Share from the Reserve Fund and Rs. 250 per Share from the Paid-up Capital."

In accordance with the above Resolution, the sum of Rs. 350 per Share will be paid, on and after TUESDAY the 14th instant, by the undersigned, to the Registered Shareholders, on production of Share Certificates.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 9th April 1868.

NOTICE.—The Executive Commissariat Officer at the Presidency will receive SEALED TENDERS up to 12 o'clock, noon, on WEDNESDAY next, the 15th instant, for the supply of—

100	Cholera Belts,	As per patterns to be seen in this Office.
100	Flannel Shirts,	
100	Worsted Socks,	
100	Flannel Drawers,	
100	Flannel Bauians,	
50	Night Caps.	

A Cash Deposit of ten per cent., calculated on the cost of the Articles at the tendered rates, should accompany each Tender, which Deposit will be forfeited in the event of the Articles not being supplied within the time specified in the Tender.

The Articles will be subject to the survey of the Executive Commissariat Officer, whose decision will be final as regards rejection or otherwise.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any offer.

C. F. KEAYS, Captain,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office, 9th April 1868.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY, No. 10, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY. AND No. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

NEW AND OTHER BOOKS

RECEIVED BY THE STEAMER "SUMATRA."

The Natural and Morbid Changes of the Human Eye, and their Treatment. By Charles Bader. With plates..... Rs.	30 0
Saint Paul's. Edited by A Trollope. Vol. 1.....	5 12
The Science of Finance. By R. H. Patterson.....	10 8
The Pupils of St. John. By the Author of the "Heir of Redclyffe".....	3 0
Silas Marner, by George Elliot.....	2 0
Faraday as a Discoverer. By John Tyndall.....	4 8
The Slide-Rule, and how to use it: By C. Hoare.	3 4
Bradshaw's Continental Guide for March.....	3 0
Stanford's Map of Abyssinia.....	1 0
Wearyfoot Common. By L. Ritchie.....	0 12
Mark's Reef. By J. F. Cooper.....	0 8
Shifts and Expedients of Camp Life. Part I. By J. Baines.....	1 14
Official Monthly Army List for March.....	1 4
House of Commons, 1868.....	0 12
Shilling Peerage, 1868.....	0 12
Shilling Baronetage, 1868.....	0 12
Murray's Handbook of Travel Talk.....	2 12
Scenes and Studies of Savage Life. By G. M. Sproat.....	3 8
A system of Medicine. By J. R. Reynolds, 2 vols.	37 8

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

Bombay, 7th April 1868.

MUSICAL BOXES.—Just received a large and varied stock of Musical Boxes of superior finish and best manufacture, Rosewood, handsomely inlaid. Prices, from Rs. 75 to Rs. 250.

The following is a list of the Tunes played by some of the Boxes:—

1	A moi les plaisirs	Op. Faust	Gounod.
2	Christ est resenscit	do.	,,
3	Faites hir mes aveux	do.	,,
4	Oui c'est toi je t'aime,	do.	,,
5	Gloire de nos aieux	do.	,,
6	Valse	do.	,,
7	Rataplan Chœur	Forse du Destin	Verdi
8	La morale in tutto	Don Pasquale	Donizetti.
9	Al Suon del tamburo	Forse du Destin	Verdi.
10	E se sia cive	Don Pasquale	Donizetti.
11	Il palpito Deir	Simon Boccanegra	Verdi.
12	Ballabile Corsari	do.	,,

A very full and sweet-toned Box.

1 Le Barbier de Seville "Zitti."
2 Chanson des Roses.
3 Crispino e la Comare "Ah si Marito Mia."
4 El Marinero.
5 L'Enlevement an Serail.
6 Parisina, "Ah tu Sai."
7 Semiramide, "Si Vendicato."
8 Tota Aragonesa de la Pandereta.

A full-toned Box with Bell accompaniment; the Bells are in view.

1 Red, White and Blue.
2 In the Strand.
3 Home, Sweet Home.
4 Rule Britannia.
5 The Queen's Own.
6 Kitty Patterson.
7 The Lily of Killarney.
8 The Weary.
9 The Wild Briar.
10 Trab Trab.

A sweet-toned Box with Bell accompaniment.

1 Il Trovatore Canzone "Stride la Vampa," Verdi.
2 Fra Diavola Overture, Auber.
3 Norma Arin Finale Qual cor Piadisti, Bellini.
4 Il Barbiere di Siviglia Ditto All'idea, Rossini.
5 La Sonnambula Aria Finale Ah non Guinge Bellini.

A particularly sweet Mandoline-toned Box

1 Red, White and Blue.
2 In the Strand.
3 Home, Sweet Home.
4 Rule Britannia.
5 The Queen's Own.
6 Kitty Patterson.
7 Lily of Killarney.
8 The Weary.
9 The Wild Briar.
10 Trab Trab.

A very full-toned Box with Bells.

1 La Somnambule "Ta Non Sai."
2 Polka brillante.
3 Il Baccio Waiser.
4 L'Elisire d'Amore, Barcarolle.
5 Heureux Pays Cyrolienne.
6 Troubadour, Quadrille.
7 Les Noces de Figaro.
8 La Gaza Ladra "O Ciel"

A powerful-toned Box with Bells.

1 I cannot mind my Wheel Mother.
2 The Captain and his Whiskers.
3 The "Good bye at the door."
4 Thou art so near and yet so far.
5 My Boy Tammy.
6 Stonewall Jackson.
7 See the conquering Hero comes.
8 When Jonny comes marching Home.

With Drum and Bell accompaniments.

All the Boxes have Patent Winders.

Illustrated Catalogue forwarded free on application.

Rampart Row, Bombay. SOUNDY & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—The undersigned will receive, at the Government Telegraph Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, at 2 P. M., on MONDAY the 13th instant, SEALED TENDERS for the execution, by the 15th May next, of REPAIRS and PAINTING to the old Government TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Colaba.

Full particulars regarding work will be given on application at the first mentioned Office during office hours.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, and no reason will be given for the refusal of any Tender.

W. R. BROOKES,
Superintendent Telegraphs, Bombay Division.

Bombay, 9th April 1868.

MESSRS. HEERALAL & Co.—AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY.—On THURSDAY, the 16th day of April 1868, Messrs. HEERALAL & Co. will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, by the will of Mortgagee and by the order of Mortgagor,—All that piece and parcel of Furzendaree land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying, or being on the north side of Oomercarry Pakhady, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 97, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 138, and bounded as follows:—on the east by the sweeper's passage and the house of Ramabai, widow of late Bhaggajee, on the west by a passage and the house of Jaody Francis, on the north by Oomercarry Pakhady, and on the south by the Christian Church.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. HEERALAL & Co., at their Office, No. 6, Rampart Row.

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 9.

East, Captain, Assistant Quarter Master General, on leave, from Umballa.
Crocker, Surgeon, 4th Infantry H.C., on leave, from Ellichpore.
Mills, Veterinary Surgeon, 18th Hussars, on medical certificate, from Secundrabad.
Pickles, Quarter Master, 18th Hussars, on duty, from Secundrabad.
Henigan, Major, R. H. A., on duty, from Secundrabad.
Dods, Staff Corps, on leave, from Nagpore.

DEPARTURES.—APRIL 9.

Burnett, Captain, R. H. A., to join, to Meerut.
Sinclair, Major, Staff Corps, to join, to Kolapore.

GARRISON ORDERS.

Bombay, 9th April 1868.

In accordance with section 44, para. 805, page 105, 2nd Appendix Jameson's Code, the undermentioned officers have obtained leave to proceed to England, by the Overland route, on medical certificate, subject to confirmation:—

Quarter Master H. Pickles, 18th Hussars.
Veterinary Surgeon J. Mills, 18th Hussars.
Major Henigan, Royal Artillery.
Lieutenant T. R. Lofthouse, 90th Regiment.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT.—9TH APRIL.

PORT.	COTTON.	SEED.
To London	£3 10s. 0d.	£2 15s. 0d.
Liverpool	£3 0s. 0d. to £3 2s. 6d.	£2 0s. 0d. to £2 5
By Overland Route	.....	£3 0s. 0d. to £3 10
To China	Rs. 6 to 8 per bale.	....
,, Mauritius	Rs. 14 per bag.	....

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
April 9	Wimbledon	Hunter	Liverpool, Nov. 12.
	Leonidas	Thompson	London. Nov. 13.
	Bryn Ivor	Dowdall	Mauritius, Feb. 14.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
April 9	Emma	Oliver	Havre, via M. Coast.
	Forest Rights	Cary	Liverpool.
	Manchester (s)	Trisdale	Cutch Mandvee.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer *Viscount Canning*, Gattlab, to Abyssinia.
Ship *Ardgowan*, Kerr, to Liverpool.
Steamer *Rangoon*, Rennoldson, to Aden and Suez.
Ship *British Princess*, Stewart to Red Sea.
Ship *Marnion*, Marvin, to Akyab.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer *Nemrfus*, to Aden and Suez.
Ship *Sarah Sands*, to Liverpool.
Ship *Hydree*, to Malabar Coast.

DIOCESAN SCHOOL, BYCULLA

LOCAL COMMITTEE.

The Rev. G. C. REYNELL, M.A.
The Hon. Mr. JUSTICE WARDEN.
HERBERT BIRDWOOD, Esq., M.A., C.S.
GERARD NORMAN, Esq.

Honorary Secretary—JOHN CAMERON, Esq.
Head Master—The Rev. E. H. DUBOIS.

THE Committee of the above School have much pleasure in announcing the opening on the 1st February of a Boarding School, under the Rev. E. H. DuBois, in connection with the School held in the Freemason's Hall, Masagon. A large house with extensive grounds, and ample accommodation for a number of Boarders has been secured in a healthy part of Byculla.

Children of both sexes from the ages of 6 to 15 will be received, and every effort made to ensure them a happy and comfortable home.

The course of study will be varied according to the age and attainments of the pupils, commencing with the elementary branches and rising to the Matriculation Standard of the University of Bombay. The Home-studies of the Boarders will be under the superintendence of Mr. and Mrs. DuBois and an assistant resident Master.

From the success which has hitherto attended the Day School already established, the Committee have every confidence that this fresh undertaking will meet with adequate support, feeling assured, as they do, that every care will be taken of, and comfort provided for the pupils, and that they will receive a sound, moral, and religious training as well as a good secular education. The Committee earnestly trust that their endeavours thus to provide what has long been felt as an urgent want will meet with a hearty response on the part of parents.

Full particulars as to terms, &c., may be learned on application to the Hon. Secretary, JOHN CAMERON, Esq., or the Rev. E. H. DUBOIS, Byculla.

G. C. REYNELL,
Honorary Secretary Diocesan Board of Education.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1868.

THE late Colonel Eden's Report on the administration of Rajpootana for the last two years has been recently published by Government, and forms a very interesting addition to the selections from the Government Records. The moral which a perusal of the copious materials teaches is that, wherever British officers have taken charge of any of the States during the minority or misbehaviour of a Chief, works of public improvement have been inaugurated, a land settlement introduced, reforms in the administration of justice have been adopted, a land settlement has been effected for the protection of the cultivators, education has been promoted, and the State treasury has been gradually filling with money. On the other hand, where British officers have not had the active charge, and where British influence has not been exerted, or, if exerted, where the recommendations have not been listened to, the treasuries are, as a general rule, impoverished, the opening up of the territories is neglected, education is ignored or despised, and the police and revenue systems are imperfect. The extensive district, known as Rajpootana, measuring 123,000 square miles, must ever present great inequalities of results even under the most approved system of government. The Aravulli hills which traverse it do not merely divide it into two parts, geographically; for the geological character of the districts lying on one side of the range is essentially different to that of the district on the other. On the west lie the sandy wastes of the great desert, extending from the narrow strip of vegetation that fringes the Loonee River at the foot of the Aravulli mountains, almost to the Indus, while on the east lie rich table-lands, yielding cotton, opium, sugarcane, and wheat. The extensive sandy district on the west measures 70,000 square miles, considerably more than half the entire area of the Rajpootana States, and it comprises three out of the four largest States,—largest we mean in geographical extent. Marwar, the worst governed State in all Rajpootana,—Colonel Eden says, there is no regular, government of any kind—covers 35,000 square miles, and it has a population of 42 to the square mile, making about half as much again as the population of the city of Bombay. Bikaneer, which is half the size of Ireland, has a population of only half a million—being not much more than half the population of this city. Jeysulmere, another extensive sandy tract, also nearly half the size of Ireland, has a population of only six to the square mile. The great desert is partitioned between these three States, the total revenue of which does not exceed thirty-eight lacs of rupees, a sum which scarcely meets the wants of our Municipal Commissioner. But the very barrenness of the territory became a means of wealth. The sterile sandy expanses, shut out the freebooter and plunderer; and the Mahommedan and Mahratta hordes preferred sweeping along the outskirts of the desert to plunging into it and facing unprofitable dangers. Jeysulmere and Bikaneer, as Colonel Eden informs us, were a favourite retreat for the rich merchants of India. There their families dwelt, and there they stored their wealth, and enjoyed a security unknown in the richer, more exposed, and more tempting provinces of India. As British rule, however, has consolidated and a knowledge of the security which it affords to rich and poor alike has penetrated to the remote cities and villages of the desert, the rich bankers and merchants are forsaking them and seeking a new field of enterprise in British territory. Colonel Eden accounts for this movement, partially, by the demands made on the wealthy by the local durbars, and, if so, the folly of demands which banish the wealthy men of the State to a neighbouring territory is too apparent to call for comment.

Where the desert is dammed back by the ridge of the Aravullis, lies Jeypore, the largest and wealthiest of the fertile States. Blessed with a sensible native ruler, and with having been administered by a Prime Minister of considerable ability and energy, education has been promoted, a school of arts has been founded, medical institutions have been established, roads constructed, staging bungalows erected, a jail has been built, and hearty co-operation rendered in the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee. Its area is less than Bikaneer, but its population is four times greater, and its revenue is more than is yielded by the three great desert States on the west of the Aravullis. Bhurtpore appears to be a model of good government, but it is under the administration of the Political Agent, and of course British influence is actively communicated to all departments. A Council of Regency has been created, which maintains a supervision over all branches of the State, and we read of an active Public Works Department in the State, of the erection of civil buildings, guard-houses, the introduction of corn-mills worked by steam, the construction of metalled roads, extensive embankments for irrigation purposes, and the paving of the streets of the capital city "with gutters on either side," which has been so much appreciated, that all the principal side steeets are being paved in a similar manner. We read also of the construction of an aqueduct for securing a supply of water to the city. Colonel Eden thus writes:—

"Whilst from the above brief epitome of the Bhurtpore State many shortcomings are perceptible, still the government of this principality is beyond all comparison more just, more liberal, and more popular than that of any other chiefship in Rajpootana. The people are well disposed and well contented, and they look forward with pleasure to the day now not far distant, when the government will be made over to the young Maharaja; yet their feeling arises not from any dissatisfaction at the present administration, but rather from the honest pride of loyal and contented people rejoicing in the honour of their race and clan."

It is not our object, however, to go over in detail the eighteen States of Rajpootana. They extend in the aggregate, as we have already stated, over an area of 123,000 square miles. The population of this vast expanse is only nine millions, and an estimate of the revenues yielded by it gives 234 lacs of rupees. This amount is raised chiefly from land, 150 lacs being estimated to be derived from that source. Transit duties are also made to contribute their share to the funds of the States, and in some districts the revenue derived from salt is very considerable. The petty Chiefs and Thakoors have to pay also heavy succession fees, which, with other "extraordinary demands," solve the problem in these States which Mr. Massey has not faced namely, taxing the rich.

The trade which this extensive group of States carries on with the territory which surrounds it is thus stated in the Report:—

	Imports	Exports
South West Frontier	£750,400	£759,700
Eastern Frontier	511,100	654,000
North and N. W. Frontier	250,000	100,000
South and S. E. Frontier	250,000	700,000
	£1,761,500	£2,213,700

Making a total of £3,975,200, the excess of exports being balanced by receipts in bullion. In the south-western cluster of States the chief article of import is sugar, a portion of which is re-exported. There is a great demand for English piece-goods—these two articles forming the staple of the imports. At Pallee, the commercial capital of this district, there are large establishments for dyeing cloths, and its merchants are said to have commercial relations with most parts of India. The chief export is salt, which is manufactured extensively in the district. The eastern cluster of States likewise exports salt extensively, and it, with cotton, makes up nearly the whole export trade. In this district, also, sugar and English piece-goods are extensively imported, the latter being stated at £59,000 as against £20,000 for country cloth. The chief article of export from the south and south-east frontier is opium, which finds its way to Bombay *viz* Indore. The import trade, on the other hand, brings sugar from the N. W. Provinces, English piece-goods and hardware from Bombay, and tobacco from Malwa.

On the subject of education we read with regret, but not with surprise, that "in none of the "States of Rajpootana, except Bhurtpore, is "there as yet any regularly organized system. "In most of the capitals, schools of some kind "or another exist, but these in nearly every in-"stance have been established during the minor-"ities which have occurred, and anything save "the most crude and elementary education is "confined thereto." The Rajpoot princes and nobles have all the contempt for reading and writing that was felt by the feudal barons of the middle ages.

TO-DAY being Good Friday, we give our establishment a holiday, in accordance with the usual custom. The *Gazette*, accordingly, will not be published to-morrow morning. The *Overland summary* and *Price Current*, however, will be published to-morrow morning.

A NOTIFICATION in the *Bombay Government Gazette* of yesterday announces that heads of departments at the Presidency and in the provinces are permitted to close their offices from Thursday the 9th, to Tuesday the 14th instant, both days inclusive, for the Easter Holidays, and that provision should be made for the despatch of emergent business during the vacation.

LATEST NEWS.

(By Indian Telegraph.)

CALCUTTA, 9TH APRIL.

Govt. Securities. { Fours 7. / Fives 9. / Fives and a half 13¾ to 14.

Exchange, six month's sight, 1s. 11⅛d.
Freight—Dead Weight, Rice, £3 7s. 6d.
Jute, £3 11s. 3d.
Seeds, Linseed, £3 15s.
Shirtings, Rs. 5-11 to 5-12.
Madapollams, Rs. 2-6 to 2-8.
No. 40 Mule Twist, 5 annas 10 pies.
Market for Piece Goods rather quieter.
Market for Twist drooping.

DAILY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, 9TH APRIL.

				PER CANDY.
Oomrawuttee	.. Old	..	..	170 to 178
Akote	.. ..	..	..	
Khandeish	.. ..	..	..	160 to 165
Barsee	.. ..	..	..	
Dhollera	.. ..	..	..	195 to 200
Bhowunggur	.. ..	..	..	
Broach	.. ..	..	..	195 to 200
Vingorla	.. ..	..	..	190 to 195
Compta	.. ..	..	..	190 to 195
Dharwar Sawginee	.. ..	..	..	198 to 200
Oomrawuttee	.. New	..	..	205 to 212
Akote	.. ..	..	..	
Broach	.. ..	..	..	223 to 228
Dhollera	.. ..	..	..	
Bhowunggur	.. ..	..	..	223 to 225
Veeravul	.. ..	..	..	190 to 205
Ready Sales	...	...	...	650 Candies.
For delivery	...	...	...	500 ,,
Market dull.				

BOMBAY.

THE first vacation of the Bombay Small Cause Court commences from the 11th May next, and will terminate on the 31st of the same month.

THE next meeting of H. M.'s Justices of the Peace will be held in the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

MR. CRISTNA SHASTREE CHIPLOONKUR is appointed Reporter on the Native Press, and Registrar of the native publications in the Bombay Presidency.

DIVINE Service will be held on Easter Sunday on board the *Allahabad*, above the middle-ground, at 11 A.M., and at the Barracks, Butcher's Island, at 3 P. M., by the Rev. W. Brown Keer.

ELEPHANTA CAVES.—Good Friday.—A Sermon will be preached in this highly interesting place at half past twelve o'clock this day by the Rev. Wm. Brown Keer, Harbour Chapiain, Bombay. As the wind and tide will probably both be favourable, it is hoped that holiday visitors will find it convenient to attend.

KHATIZA, woman, and Amed Khan Haroon Khan, were yesterday brought up before the Magistrate at the Mazagon Police Court, for the theft of gold and silver ornaments, of the aggregate value of Rs. 50, belonging to one Cassum Yacoob. The prisoners were convicted, and the first was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, and the second to receive twenty stripes.

YESTERDAY a Coroner's inquest was held at Gilder Street, touching the death of a Hindoo boy, aged about twelve years, named Govind Khundoo. It appears that on Monday last three carts, loaded with straw, were lying near the deceased's house, and that whilst playing he went behind one of the carts and pulled it, in consequence of which the cart overbalanced itself and fell upon the unfortunate lad. He was injured in the head and left knee. He was taken to the Jamsetjee Hospital, where he died yesterday. The jury came to the conclusion that the death had been accidental.

THE following passengers will sail to-morrow per P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Rangoon*, Captain Rennoldson, to Aden and Suez:—

For Southampton—Mrs. Lushington and two children, Major Evezard and two children, Mrs. Pinkerton, Mrs. Crawford, Lieut. T. Read, Dr. and Mrs. Patterson and two infants, Mr. Child, Mr. and Mrs. Summers, Mr. Miles, Quarter Master Pickles Mr. Broughton, Mr. R. W Rand, and Lieutenant Lofthouse.

For Marseilles—Serjeant Crocker, Mrs Aitkinson and four children, Mr. Campbell, Mrs. Blyth and two children, Mrs. Fooks, Mr. R. V. Cocierell, Captain and Mrs. Pemberton and child, Major Williams, Major Brockin and two children, Mr. Lang, Mr. B. Wood, Mr. E. Mackellar, Mr. J. L. Smith, Colonel and Mrs. Oliphant and three children, Mrs. East and child, Mr. and Mrs. Watson and two children.

For Suez.—Mr. Fatma, Mr. and Mrs. Brandth, Mr. L. Berkley, Mr. S. Berkley, Mr. W. Whitney, Major Davidson, Mr. J. D. Wood, Mr. J. D. Adams, Mr. W. Adams, Mr. Steele, and Major and Mrs. Henegan.

For Gibraltar.—Rev. Mr. Carrere, Mr. Joaquim Quintino, Mr. and Mrs A. S. Carvalho and child, and Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Pimental.

For Aden.—Mr. Ansell.

THE charge against eight natives for breaking into a Hindoo temple was again brought before Mr. Nana Morojee in the Fort Police Court yesterday. Mr. Shamrow appeared for the defence, and examined several witnesses in corroboration of the evidence of Ramchunder Gunput, and to show that as far as they knew the room in the temple had been in the possession of the defendant, and that any persons using it got his permission to do so. Dr. Dallas appeared for the prosecution, and cross-examined these witnesses, in order to support the case against the defendants. At the request of Mr. Shamrow, the case was adjourned in order to allow him time to produce other witnesses; and the next hearing was fixed for Tuesday at noon.

YESTERDAY John Connon, Esq., acting Second Magistrate, went to the Jamsetjee Hospital, and took the deposition of one Suruswatee, woman. She stated that she was a married woman. For the last five days she and her husband, whose employment she did not know, had been living in the house of two women, named Maree and Onaree, who keep a boarding house at Candawady. On Wednesday afternoon the two women (who were placed in custody before her) beat her; she ran into a room upstairs on the second storey of the house, prisoners followed her, lifted her up, and threw her out of a window. She fell to the ground and became insensible. She felt much pain all over her body, but could not say that she was dying. She gave the women no provocation. She had not seen her husband since she was thrown out of the window, and did not know where he was. The prisoners were remanded to jail, pending the recovery of the woman, who now lies in a very precarious state in the hospital.

MURDER AND ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

AN atrocious and cold-blooded murder was committed on Wednesday last, at about 2 P.M., in the Colbhatwady Lane. From information we have been able to glean, it appears that a man named Mahadoo Vithoo, a blacksmith in H. M.'s Dockyard, cut the throat of his wife named Cumblee, with a knife, and then cut his own throat, and immediately afterwards ran into a neighbour's house and fell on the ground floor in an insensible state. A daughter of Mahadoo and Cumblee, aged about ten years, named Dhunee, went to the house of one Luxmee, woman, told her that her father and mother were lying in their room with their throats cut and requested her to come and see them. Upon this information Luxmee proceeded to the house of Mahadoo, stood near the doorway, and called the names of Mahadoo and his wife several times, but no answer was returned. She stood there for a while, but hearing nobody's voice in the room, she suspected something wrong and immediately left the place and reported the circumstance to a native policeman, who took her to a chowkey, and from thence to Mr. Superintendent Tighe, to whom she stated the whole case. Mr. Tighe went to the spot, and on entering the room he found the body of Cumblee lying on a cot. The floor was saturated with blood. Mr. Tighe proceeded to a house almost opposite, where he saw Mahadoo, the husband of the deceased, and found there was a handkerchief tied round his throat. Mr. Tighe questioned him as to the cause of his cutting the throat of his wife and himself, and the man replied that his wife had dishonoured him in the sight of his castemen, and he had, therefore, cut her throat first and then his own. He was immediately sent to the Jamsetjee Hospital, where he is now progressing well.

THE INQUEST.

An inquest was held on the body of the murdered woman, by the Coroner, Dr. Hewlett, yesterday morning, when the following facts transpired:—

Persia Ballia, a hammerman, identified the body of the deceased, who was the wife of one Mahadoo Vithoo, a blacksmith in Her Majesty's Dockyard. The deceased lived with her husband in a lower room of a house in Colbhart Ort.

Luxmee, woman, stated—She was the wife of one Sonoo and lived in Colbhatwaddy. On Wednesday last, about three o'clock in the afternoon, the deceased's daughter, Dhunee, a little girl about 9 or 10 years old, came and told her that her mother and father were lying down, and asked her to come and see. Witness went to the deceased's house and stood at the doorway of the deceased's room. There were no windows in the deceased's room, and it was impossible to see in it. She stood at the doorway and called out to Mahadoo by the term of Bhavajee (brother-in-law), but no answer was returned. She got frightened and went and told a police sepoy, who went back with her to the place. When witness went to the doorway she called out, but they gave no answer. She saw the deceased lying on the cot as if asleep, and saw blood flowing from her neck on to the ground. She did not go up to her. Witness saw Mahadoo lying across the doorway. His back was towards her. She did not see any blood flowing from him. He was breathing very loudly, and was kicking with his legs. He was muttering as if he was in pain. Witness did not go into the room. She saw no knife.

From the evidence of one Bhanee, woman, it appeared that on Wednesday, about three o'clock in the afternoon, she was sitting in her room, when suddenly Mahadoo came into the passage leading to her room and fell down. His throat was cut. He said nothing.

One Janoo Rama, who occupied the next room in the house which the deceased lived in, said that on Wednesday, about two o'clock in the afternoon, he heard Mahadoo and his wife talking in their room, and recognized their voices. Witness heard the deceased calling out Bai, Bai, (mother, mother). The sounds suddenly ceased. Witness then saw Mahadoo open his door and go outside.

Babajee Kanoo, a police sepoy, deposed that on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, the witness Luxmee came to him on the Parell Road and said that her brother-in-law and sister-in-law's throats were cut. He accompanied the girl to the chowkey, and reported the circumstance to his immediate superior.

Mr. Michael Tighe said—He was the Superintendent of Police, E. Division. On Wednesday, about 3-15 P. M., the last witness reported to him that two persons had their throats cut in Colbhat Lane. He came to the spot and on entering the room saw the body of the deceased lying on a cot on its left side. Witness observed a large gash under the right ear. The sides of the wind-pipe were separated some inches. The bed that the body was on, and the floor of the room, were saturated with blood. He then went into a house almost opposite, and on the second storey in the passage witness saw a man said to be named Mahadoo Vithoo. There was a handkerchief tied round his throat. He had him carried down into the lane, were he asked him who had injured him. He made a statement to the witness, the substance of which was as follows:—That his wife had dishonoured him in the eyes of his caste, and that therefore he had cut her throat and then his own. He sent him to the Jamsetjee Hospital, and then proceeded to search the room where he found the body. Witness found the chopper, before the jury, which was wet with fresh blood.

Dr. Sydney Smith, Surgeon to the Coroner, who held a *post mortem* examination on the body of the deceased, stated that she was lying on her left side on a cot, which was saturated with blood, and that a stream of blood had run from under the and over the floor. A wound about three and a half to four inches long completely divided the muscles of the neck, and the large blood vessels supplying the head and neck on the right side, where also the cerbical vertibræ, corresponding to the wound, were separated. Witness saw the knife or hatchet, produced before the jury. It was completely covered with blood. The wound that he had described might have been inflicted by such a weapon. The wound must have been caused by a second person. The jury returned the following verdict:—"That the deceased died from the effects of injuries inflicted by one Mahadoo, who in the opinion of the jury is guilty of the crime of culpable homicide amounting to murder."

THE PORT CANNING LAND COMPANY.

To the Shareholders of the Port Canning Land, Investment, Reclamation & Dock Company, Limited.

Gentlemen,—The Report of Mr. Swinhoe as Sub-Committee appointed by the Directors to investigate the Title Deeds of your properties having clearly shown that a large sum of money, amounting to rupees six lakhs and fifty thousand, had been improperly withdrawn by Mr. Schiller and certain other persons out of the Company's funds, your Directors, under the advice of the Advocate General, have instituted a suit against Mr. Schiller and such other persons, to compel them to refund the value in money of the funds so improperly taken by them.

Upon legal proceedings being instituted by your Directors against Mr. Schiller, he at first, by a letter which was written by him in England, dated the 25th January 1868, called upon the shareholders to join with him in passing a resolution to wind up the Company, and place the Company's affairs and property in the hands of liquidators for that purpose; and this was no doubt proposed by him as an expedient for saving himself from being compelled to account for the funds of the Company taken by him while a Director, but finding that he was unable to obtain support in carrying out this design, and having probably discovered after he reached India that there are sections in the Indian Companies' Act which would enable any contributary of the Company to obtain the most searching inquiry into his proceedings, and the most ample redress, he abandoned this design, and in his address to the shareholders at a public meeting at Bombay, he stated that he would get a resolution passed to transfer the direction of the Company from Calcutta to London, with an agency merely in Calcutta, although all the Company's property is in Bengal; and this again was no doubt for the same object, namely, that of securing himself from having his dealings with the Company's funds properly investigated. This intention, for a time at least, he has been forced to abandon, though it is to be feared he may hereafter endeavour to carry it out, should he succeed in his attempts to recover the power over the Company's affairs which he so seriously misused. Mr. Schiller then, at a public meeting in the Town Hall of Calcutta, where he addressed a large mixed audience, called upon the Shareholders to aid him in preventing the suit for the recovery of your money from being proceeded with; and after that he requested your Directors to convene a general meeting of the shareholders for the ostensible purpose of hearing his explanations, but with the real intention of getting a vote to put an end to the suit. Your Directors, acting under the advice of the Advocate General, declined to convene the meeting; but, in order to test Mr. Schiller's sincerity, they offered him the use of the Company's large room for the purpose avowed by him, namely, that of offering explanations. This, however, did not suit Mr. Schiller's design which was not so much to give explanations as to stop the suit against himself, his partners, and others, and he refused to avail himself of the offer.

For the purpose of carrying out his real object, which is to evade inquiry before a legal tribunal, Mr. Schiller, and a number of his friends, who are Shareholders of the Company, have sent into the Directors a requisition to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders, and he is now using his utmost endeavours to get a resolution passed to remove the present Directors, whom he charges with having acted illegally in instituting proceedings to recover back your funds.

As the conduct of Mr. Schiller and his friends, in trying to hush up all inquiry by a Court of Justice into Mr. Schiller's dealings with the trust funds, clearly evinces that the facts represented by your Directors as to his having improperly withdrawn the Company's funds are true, and as an inquiry into Mr. Schiller's acts and liabilities, and the legality of the proceedings which have been instituted against him, can only be fairly and properly made for any useful purpose by the Court, and as the expenses of the suit will not exceed at the utmost Rs. 5,000 (a small sum as compared with the 6½ lakhs of rupees, which undoubtedly can be rec

vernacular can do but little as yet to awaken the faculties and satisfy the cravings it excites. The parents and friends of those children availing themselves of this institution may well be congratulated that they have had the opportunity of giving such an education to their children, and that they have been allowed to take advantage of it. What a new world of thought and interest has it introduced them to, and what exercise has it furnished, and will continue to furnish to the powers which it has developed! I feel that if in this shape only I could compare it with education in the vernacular, it opens wide the door to a literature that is inexhaustible—that it conducts to a knowledge of all that is worthy of being known, and that in this way it is of unspeakable advantage. But I would claim more for education in other respects than this. I believe that we are given to use the word "education" in much too restricted a sense. To *educate* is not merely to fill the mind with knowledge or to surround one with accomplishments;—it includes the agency which cultivates, which enables, and which elevates,—it includes that which teaches us to think and gives us strength to act. And, when I look upon it in this light, and see at the head of this institution the excellent lady, whom I have known now for upwards of twenty-four years, as an earnest labourer in the best interests of the young, and of whom I may not here say in her presence all that I could, I feel justified in asserting that the parents of the pupils here have much cause to be thankful that they have secured such training for their daughters, and the daughters who have been under her, that they have had the blessing of such care and instruction. I am sure that they all have the highest principles inculcated and the highest standard set before them. With respect to this institution, therefore, that which has been the great difficulty in the way of teaching girls in this country, has been, I hope I may say, entirely removed, and those who are interested in it have here the invaluable supervision of a lady in whose competence to train and in whose conscientious solicitude for the good of her pupils they may well confide. It is certainly, I feel, somewhat ungracious in the sight of so much that is gratifying, to give utterance to anything which may sound like an expression of dissatisfaction; but I cannot but regret, and regret a good deal, that an education like this has not been taken advantage of by more of the higher classes of natives in Bombay. (Hear, hear, and applause.) I also regret not more deeply to hear from the report that has been read to us, of the falling off that has taken place in the attendance at this institution during the past year. I am sure that there are difficulties—difficulties that I have no doubt cannot all at once be overcome—and I believe the report has rightly suggested, as one cause of the temporary falling off, that the exceptional depression in Bombay just now may have affected this institution in common with everything around it. But obstacles, which have been overcome by some, are not insuperable by others, and I feel we must attribute to no want of appreciation of the great benefits of this institution, that the number of those who attend is so very far short of what it ought to be, and I hope we may soon see a very great improvement in this respect. Meanwhile, what we have seen and heard this evening will check complaint, and it may well indeed furnish matter for congratulation. (Hear, hear.) It is to me, and I am sure to all of us, very deeply interesting to have seen even this small number of girls in this country trained up, not only in the language and in the studies but what is of far much more importance, in the habits and manners of well educated girls of their own age. Half an hour or an hour in this room does not fully suffice to show the results of the labour which has been bestowed on these girls, but I am happy to say I have had other opportunities, much better opportunities, of seeing some of them elsewhere, and of noticing feelings, and tastes, and an ease of manner, which quite justified all I have said. Respecting their acquirements and accomplishments I need say nothing. What we have seen this evening sufficiently testifies how substantial these are. They are most creditable,—I am sure we shall all feel—to their instructors, and they must form an unlimited satisfaction and an abiding recompense to the liberal and enlightened founder of this institution and to all its supporters. (Applause.) I must say a word on one subject more, and I do so, lest—speaking, as I have done, so highly in favour of education—I use the word in its ordinary acceptation—I might lead to any misapprehension as to the position which I would assign to it. In this matter, as in others, it is possible for us to err in opposite directions,—it is very easy to think too little of education, it is possible I believe to give it too high a place. I do not believe that I am likely to be charged with setting too low a value on it, but I think it necessary to say that I do not look upon it—I am still speaking of it in its ordinary acceptation—as everything. Education is a great blessing, but it is not the greatest. It professes to deal with only outward and natural truths, it leaves the spiritual wants of the immortal creature to be met elsewhere. All moral truth, all moral teaching, must have a foundation to rest upon, and sanction to make it effectual, and, in my judgment, these are to be found only in the humble recognition of the revealed mind of Him who is entitled our Guide and Principal. This is not the place for me to pursue this subject further, and I would not dictate to any one. Certainly, I would not, if I might, ask any one to follow my conscience in a matter which each one can prove for himself that which is right; but I may ask each one, as I desire for myself, earnestly to give to the search after higher truths that place which, after a few short years, we shall all of us feel that they ought to have held with us. Earnestly and in sincerity may we seek for ourselves and our children to be taught the way of truth, and that may we endeavour to follow. Upon us, who are parents, I feel a special responsibility rests, for our children need to have the truth placed before them or they will suffer for the want of it, and it rests with us to place it properly before them. I trust that in this institution the education is much more than one that would exclude what I hold most precious. I must not, ladies and gentlemen, longer take up your time, but would conclude with expressing on behalf of myself—and I am sure I may say on behalf of all those who are invited here this evening—our obligation to those who have furnished for us such an exceedingly interesting and gratifying spectacle. (Much applause.)

Mr. Manockjee Cursetjee next said—To you, Mr. Newton, I offer on behalf of the supporters and friends of this institution their cordial thanks for the part you have taken in this day's proceedings, not only for presiding, but for the most excellent and expressive address which you have made, not only on the superficial branches of education, which many regard merely for the purpose of worldly position and worldly benefit, but going deeper and deeper into the very root and object of education. What is education, let me ask? Very few would be able to define it. Education itself does not consist merely in the learning how to read, write, and spout (laughter)—but education teaches man to know his Maker, and how to follow His precepts. You have, Sir, very properly referred to the efforts of those who take a great interest in the cause of education, and placed before us the character of education in its clear and real light. But there is a circumstance which we have all to regret—that owing to the late unhappy misfortunes in the commercial world our institution has suffered in a pecuniary point of view. There are, however, means about to be adopted, and I hope they will be attended with every success, and that the deficiency will soon be supplied. I may tell you that a great deal depends, not only on the efforts of the natives themselves, but on their being encouraged by their European friends—for whatever humble part I have taken in the establishment of this school, whatever success may be attributed to my humble efforts, I owe entirely to the encouragement I have received, and the favourable advice I have got from my European friends. (Applause.) There is one circumstance which I thought I might not mention to-day till I had brought it up in proper form—it is that we are very anxious to provide a new building for this institution, a building which may meet all our wants, and which would have been provided by this time had it not been for the commercial depression. The Government, very properly on my representation, voted to us a piece of land, and a sum of money had already been subscribed, but, owing to the circumstance which has been alluded to, the necessary money could not be realized. An offer has been made to me, during my late residence in England, to place at the disposal of Government a sum of Rs. 50,000, provided Government securried a similar amount, for the purpose of erecting a new school building. This sum of Rs. 50,000 I propose to raise by means of contributions, and a bazaar of fancy articles, to be held in the end of this or the beginning of next year. I offer to make up the deficiency between the proceeds of the bazaar and the Rs. 50,000, should it be necessary; and I may also bring to notice that I have the cordial support and sympathy, not only of the great and good in England, but several of them have promised to contribute of their own handiwork to this bazaar. (Applause). I trust and hope, then, that the ladies and gentlemen now present will assist me in furthering the success of the bazaar, and when we are successful, I hope the fears which were entertained will be dispelled. (Applause.) I trust, ladies and gentlemen, that we will be successful. (Hear, hear.) Once more, Sir, I thank you in the name of the supporters and friends of this institution for the part you have taken in this day's proceedings, and you, ladies and gentlemen, for your ind attendance to-day. (Applause.)

"God save the Queen" was here sung by the pupils, and the proceedings then terminated.

A BILL FOR THE PREVENTION OF CERTAIN CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

THE following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 3rd April 1868, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in a week:—

Preamble. Whereas it is expedient to provide for the better prevention of certain Contagious Diseases; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title. 1. This Act may be cited as "The Indian Contagious Diseases' Act, 1868."

2. In this Act—

"Magistrate" includes a Police Magistrate.

"Chief Medical Officer" means the principal medical officer for the time being attached toi or doing duty at a hospital.

"Contagious Diseases" means any venereal disease.

Extent of Act. 3. The places to which this Act applies shall be the sea-ports which the Local Government shall from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, specify by notification in the official *Gazette*. The limits of such sea-ports shall, for the purposes of this Act, be such as are defined in the said notification.

UNREGISTERED PROSTITUTES.

Punishment of unregistered prostitutes. 4. In any place to which this Act applies, no woman shall carry on the business of a common prostitute without having personally attended and been registered at the office established under this Act at such place, and without having in her possession such evidence of registration as hereinafter provided.

Any woman carrying on such business without having attended and been registered as aforesaid, or without having in her possession such evidence as aforesaid, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or with both.

REGISTRATION OF PROSTITUTES.

Local Government to establish registration offices and appoint officers to take charge. 5. The Local Government shall establish, at the places to which this Act applies, offices for the registration of common prostitutes, and shall appoint officers to the charge of such offices, and may, with the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, assign such salaries and establishments to the said officers as the Local Government shall from time to time deem proper. The Local Government shall also provide for every such office such books and forms as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Registration of prostitutes. 6. On the appearance of any such woman at such office, the officer in charge shall enter, in a book to be kept for the purpose, her name, age, caste (if any), and residence

Such woman shall thereupon be deemed to be registered under this Act, and the registering officer shall furnish her with such evidence of registration as the Local Government shall by notification in the local official *Gazette* from time to time direct.

EXAMINATION OF PROSTITUTES.

Examination of prostitutes. 7. The Local Government shall have power to appoint persons to make periodical examinations of registered women, in order to ascertain whether at the time of each such examination they are affected with contagious disease.

Local Government may make regulations as to examinations. 8. For each of the places to which this Act applies, the Local Government may from time to time make regulations respecting the times and places of examination under this Act at that place, and generally respecting the arrangements for the conduct of those examinations; and a printed copy of regulations purporting to be regulations under this section shall, if signed by a Secretary to such Government, be evidence of such regulations for the purposes of this Act.

Reports. The Local Government may also require the persons making such examination to send in reports to such persons, a at such times and in such form, as the Local Government shall from time to time prescribe.

Penalty for disobeying regulations. Any such person not a medical officer wilfully disobeying any regulation made under this section shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

Any registered woman wilfully disobeying any such regulation shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or with both.

REFUSAL TO SHOW EVIDENCE OF REGISTRATION.

Penalty for refusing to show evidence of registration. 9. Any registered woman who, without reasonable excuse, neglects or refuses to produce and show the evidence of her registration with which she shall have been furnished as aforesaid when required so to do by an officer of police, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to fourteen days, or with fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or with both.

BROTHEL-KEEPERS.

Penalty for permitting unregistered prostitutes to resort to brothels. 10. If any person, being the owner or occupier of any house, room or place within the limits of any sea-port to which this Act applies, or being a manager or assistant in the management thereof, having reasonable cause to believe any woman to be a prostitut and not to be registered under this Act, induces or suffers her to resort to, or be in that house, room, or place for the purpose of prostitution, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.

Proviso. Provided that a conviction under this section shall not exempt the offender from any penal or other consequences to which he may be liable for keeping or being concerned in keeping a brothel or disorderly house or for the nuisance thereby occasioned.

CERTIFIED HOSPITALS.

Local Government may provide and certify Hospitals. 11. The Local Government may from time to time provide any buildings or parts of buildings as Hospitals for the purposes of this Act.

Any building or part of a building so provided and certified in writing by a Secretary to the Local Government to be so provided, shall be deemed a certified Hospital under this Act.

Control of such Hospitals. Every certified Hospital so provided shall be placed under the control and management of such persons as to the Local Government shall from time to time seem fit.

Regulations for management of Hospitals. 12. The Local Government shall make regulations for the inspection, management, and government of the Hospitals as far as regards women authorized by this Act to be detained therein for medical treatment or being therein under medical treatment for a contagious disease, and may from time to time alter any such regulations.

A printed copy of regulations purporting to be regulations made under this section shall, if signed by a Secretary to such Government, be evidence of regulations for the purposes of this Act.

Registered prostitutes on receiving notice to go to Hospital. 13. Any woman registered under this Act shall, on being served with notice from such officer as the Local Government shall from time to time appoint in this behalf, proceed to the certified Hospital named in such notice and place herself there for medical treatment.

Penalty for neglect or refusal. If after the notice is served on her, she neglects or refuses to do so, an officer of Police shall apprehend her and convey her with all practicable speed to that Hospital, and place her there for medical treatment.

Detention of prostitutes under medical treatment. 14. Where any such woman affected with contagious disease place herself or is placed as aforesaid in a certified Hospital for medical treatment, she shall be detained there for that purpose by the chief medical officer of the Hospital until discharged by him by writing under his hand.

Penalty for leaving Hospital before discharge. 15. If any woman, authorized by the said chief medical officer to be detained in a certified Hospital for medical treatment, quits the Hospital without being discharged therefrom by the chief medical officer thereof, by writing under his hand (the proof whereof shall lie on the accused), or

Penalty for disobeying regulations of Hospital. If any woman authorized by this Act to be detained in a certified Hospital for medical treatment, or any woman being in a certified Hospital under medical treatment for a contagious disease, refuses or willfully neglects while in the Hospital to conform to the regulations thereof approved under this Act, then and in every such case such woman shall be punished with imprisonment, in the case of a first offence for any term not exceeding one month, and in the case of a second or any subsequent offence, for any term not exceeding three months; and in case she quits the Hospital without being discharged as aforesaid, she may be taken into custody without warrant by any officer of police.

On the expiration of her term of imprisonment under this section, such woman shall be sent back from the prison to the certified Hospital, and shall be detained there unless the medical officer of the prison at the time of her discharge from imprisonment certifies in writing that she is free from contagious disease (the proof of which certificate shall lie on her).

OUT-DOOR TREATMENT OF PROSTITUTES.

Power to make rules for out-door treatment of registered women. 16. It shall be lawful for the Local Government to make rules for the periodical examination and medical treatment of any woman registered under this Act and not required to proceed to a certified Hospital, and to empower such Surgeons or other persons as it shall from time to time appoint, to prescribe, by order to be served on such woman, the times and places at which she shall attend for examination, and to subject her to examination accordingly, and, if necessary, to medical treatment.

Every such woman wilfully disobeying or failing to comply with any such rule or order, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to fourteen days, or with fine not exceeding fifty rupees, or with both.

Segregation of Prostitutes.

Penalty for residing in street or place after prohibition. 17. It shall be lawful for such officer as the Local Government shall from time to time appoint in this behalf, to cause a notice to be served on any common prostitute, requiring her after an interval of not less than seven days to be mentioned in the notice to reside or not to reside in any street or place therein specified.

Any common prostitute on whom such notice shall have been served disobeying the requisition therein contained shall be liable to imprisonment in the case of a first offence for any term not exceeding one month, and in the case of a second or any subsequent offence, for any term not exceeding three months.

REMOVAL FROM REGISTRY.

Removal of name from Registry. 18. It shall be lawful for the Local Government to lay down rules consistent with this Act, prescribing a procedure in accordance with which any woman registered under this Act, and ceasing to be a common prostitute may have her name cancelled in the book mentioned in section 5.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Presumption as to signatures. 19. In any proceeding under this Act, any notice, order, certificate, copy of regulations, or other instrument purporting to be signed by any person in the service of Government, or by any person whom the Local Government shall have, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by this Act, appointed to sign such instrument, shall on production be received in evidence and shall be presumed to have been duly signed by the person and in the character by whom and in which it purports to be signed, until the contrary is shown.

Service of notice. 20. Every notice and order required by this Act to be served on a woman shall be served by delivery thereof either to her personally or to some person for her at her usual place of abode.

Limitation of suits. 21. Any suit against any person for anything done in pursuance of this Act shall be commenced within three months after the thing done, and not otherwise.

Notice in writing of every such suit and of the cause thereof shall be given to the intended defendant one month at least before the commencement of the suit.

The plaintiff shall not recover if tender of sufficient amends is made before suit, or if a sufficient sum of money is paid into Court after suit brought by or on behalf of the defendant.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of this Bill is to diminish, and if possible to extirpate, venereal disease in Indian seaports.

The proposed Act will be introduced by the Local Governments with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council.

The occupation of a common prostitute will be punishable unless followed by women registered under the Act. The Local Government is empowered to establish the necessary registry offices, and furnish registered women with evidence of their registration.

Power is also given to make rules as to the examination of registered women and as to reports by persons appointed to inspect them, and a penalty is provided for breach of such rules by a female inspector.

Any keeper of a brothel allowing it to be frequented by unregistered prostitutes will also be punished.

Any registered woman, on receiving notice from the proper officer, will be compellable to betake herself to a hospital set apart for the reception of prostitutes. The Local Government is empowered to make and enforce rules as to the discipline to be observed in such hospitals, and as to the mode of cure to be followed by any registered woman not compelled to resort thither.

Provision is also made for confining prostitutes to particular parts of the town in which they practise their calling; and the Local Government may prescribe formalities, on compliance with which any woman ceasing to be a prostitute may have her name removed from the register.

H. S. MAINE.

1st April 1868.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY GENERAL ORDERS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeon R. W. Cunningham, M.D., attached to the Meywar Political Agency, is allowed furlough to Europe for twenty months, on medical certificate.

With reference to G. O. C. C. Nos. 429 and 479, dated 4th July and 4th August 1867, respectively, and under instructions from the Secretary of State, No. 17 of 31st January 1868, the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, that claims to Gokah and Jhansi Prize Money of officers and men now serving, or residing in India, whose shares have been included in the Rolls of claimants payable in England, should be preferred to the Examiner, Prize Accounts, Poona, by whom applications will be made to Government, for the remainder to India of the amount of such claims, when their payment in India will be authorized.

The undermentioned Officer is admitted as a Probationer to the Bombay Staff Corps, in accordance with paragraphs 5 and 6 of G. O. C. No. 31, dated 27th June 1864:—

Lieutenant Stephen Babington, General List, Acting Superintendent G. I. P. Railway Police, from 7th March 1867.

Surgeon Major H. Bruce, Presidency Surgeon, 3rd Division, is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills and the Deccan, with leave of absence for seven months, on medical certificate.

Major C. E. Naylor, Staff Corps, has been appointed to act as Cantonmeat Magistrate at Belgaum, during the absence of Major W. H. Mason on leave, or until further orders.

The following General Orders, by His Excellency Sir Robert Napier, G.C.S.I. and K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, Abyssinian Expeditionary Force, are published:—

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters, Camp Antalo, 8th March 1868.

CCVIII. Colonel Fraser, V. C., 11th Hussars, attached to Army Head Quarters, is appointed to perform the duties of Provost Marshal at the Head Quarters of the Army, during the absence, on detached duty, of Captain Moore.

CCIX. General officers Commanding Divisions will be so good as to detail a Cavalry officer to inspect the Cavalry Detachments at the different Postal Stations within their respective Commands, once every ten days. Reports of such inspections will be forwarded to the Assistant Quarter Master General at Army Head Quarters.

CCX. Boxes containing Ammunition must invariably be carried on "Octago" Saddles, when such are available.

The proportion of boxes to a mule will be three boxes of Snider or smooth bore ammunition, and two of Enfield.

When "Octago" Saddles, however, are not available for the purpose, only two boxes of the former must be carried.

CCXI. Several instances having occurred of letter bags having been opened during transit, the Commander-in-Chief prohibits any one from stopping the Postal Sowars when on route from station to station, and from opening the Mail bags they carry, under any pretence whatever.

Separate packets of letters for each station should be carefully made up, enclosed in linen or paper, and distinctly addressed to the Officer in charge of the Post Office at the station for which they are destined, by whom alone they are to be opened.

As continual delays occur in the transit of letters, owing to the Postal Sowars not being ready to take them on the Commander-in-Chief desires that at each station two Sowars may constantly be kept in readiness, by day and night, and that strict orders be given that they hurry on the Mails directly they arrive.

CCXII. In future, all Regiments and Detachments leaving Senafe or other highland Stations, for the front, will be provided with rations for 15 days, to be received into Regimental charge, and issued agreeably to scale under Regimental arrangements, the Commissariat limiting its operations to the supply of Medical Comforts, the purchase and supply of slaughter cattle, grass, grain, and any other article such as ghee, flour, bread, &c., which may be procurable locally. The last mentioned articles must be received and issued whenever tendered by the Commissariat, the similar ration articles in Regimental charge being kept intact so far as such local issues will admit. All empty bags, &c., must be carefully preserved and returned to the Commissariat.

The transport Train Mules, attached to Regiments, &c., that become unloaded as rations are consumed, must be delivered over day by day to the Officer in charge of the Transport Train, who will place them at the disposal of the Commissariat Officer for the carriage of local purchases made over and above that which is required for daily use.

Head Quarters, Camp Antalo, 9th March 1868.

CCXIII. The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to sanction the entertainment of an extra clerk for Zoulla Post Office, on a salary of Rs. 70 per mensem, with free rations.

CCXIV. Staff Surgeon Major E. W. Bawtree is reported to have arrived at Suez, en route to Abyssinia, on the 26th February 1868.

CCXV. Staff Surgeon Major Bawtree, having arrived at Zoulla from England, is appointed Principal Medical Officer, 2nd Division, and will proceed with all practicable despatch to join Major General Malcolm, Head Quarters.

CCXVI. Subject to the confirmation of Government, the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to direct that the salary of officers of the Lahore and Rawul Pindee Mule Trains be raised to the same rate as that of officers of the Land Transport Train, viz., Rs. 500 Staff to Officers Commanding Divisions, and Rs. 300 Staff to Subalterns of Divisions, in addition to the Staff Corps pay of their respective ranks.

CCXVII. The undermentioned Medical Subordinate has obtained leave of absence, as follows:—

1st Hospital Assistant Elijah Elisar, 10th Regiment N. I., to proceed to Zoulla, preparatory to being sent back to India, on medical certificate.

CCXVIII. All Officers and Troops stationed north of Antalo will submit their Abstracts of Pay to Major Knight, Military Paymaster, Zoulla.

Officers and Troops stationed at or south of Antalo will adjust with Captain Young.

All Officers in charge of Treasure will submit to Captain Young, Senior Military Paymaster, bi-weekly returns of cash balance in hand; these returns should be made up on the evening of every Wednesday and Saturday.

The returns forwarded by Major Knight and Lieutenant Colonel Bartlett should show in the former instance any receipt from the Treasurer, A. B. F., and in the latter any receipt of cash from India or England, or any advices of cash despatched from those countries. On receipt of the above mentioned bi-weekly returns, Captain Young will forward them to the Deputy Adjutant General, A. E. F., for His Excellency's information, with any remarks he may think it necessary to make.

CCXIX. Applications regarding missing General Orders should be made by Commanding Officers of Corps, and Departmental Officers entitled to receive copies, addressed to "The Staff Officer, Senafe, for the Head Clerk, Adjutant General's Office."

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters, Camp Antalo, 9th March 1868.

CCXX. It having been brought to notice that Telegrams of importance from Addigerat to Zoulla have been delayed owing to the line being engaged for the transmission of private and service messages of trivial importance, the Commander-in-Chief directs that in future no private messages may be received at Telegraph Offices, and that no service message may be despatched unless signed by an Officer Commanding a Division or Station, or by an Officer of the Quarter Master General's Department.

CCXXI. The following arrangements in the Pay Department are ordered:—

Major Knight to proceed to Senafe, taking with him such of his Establishment as he considers to be absolutely necessary.

Lieutenant Colonel Bartlett, Treasurer, will adjust the Abstracts of Officers leaving Zoulla for England on Medical Certificate, and Captain Young, Senior Paymaster of the Force, will furnish Lieutenant Colonel Bartlett with detailed instructions for the adjustment of the claims of such officers.

CCXXVI. The undermentioned Officers are appointed Sub-Assistant Commissary Generals, 1st Class, from the dates on which they respectively join the Commissariat Department:—

Major Ellis, Major Vander Gutch, Captain H. Burlton, and Captain Stevenson.

Head Quarters, Camp Antalo, 11th March 1868.

CCXXVII. In continuation of G. O. C. No. 139 of 18th ultimo, the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to rule that Officers Commanding Regiments and Batteries on the march, will be held responsible that the mules attached to their respective Corps are properly watered and fed.

Transport Train Officers will be only responsible for the equipment and interior economy of the Transport Train, and for the discipline and rationing of the Muleteers. For this purpose a Transport Train Officer will, when available, be attached to each Corps.

The Commander-in-Chief desires that Commanding Officers will take proper measures to prevent the men under their command from striking, ill-treating or abusing the Muleteers attached to their Corps.

Head Quarters Camp Antalo, 12th March 1868.

CCXXVIII. Major E. H. Woodcock, 23rd Punjab Pioneers, is reported to have arrived at Suez, en route to Abyssinia, on the 26th February 1868.

CCXXIX. Mr. H. F. Jackson is appointed Post Master at Antalo.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The following temporary appointments are confirmed:—

By Captain J. W. Young, C.B., Superintendent of Marine.

Mr. Shapcott, Commanding *Semiramis*, was directed to perform the duties of Store Accountant of that Vessel and Tenders, from the 11th November 1867.

Mr. Edmond Dawes was appointed 3rd Officer of the *Lord Elphinstone* from 13th March 1868, vice Wallridge, discharged.

Lieutenant Dawes was appointed Agent for Transports on board the hired British India Steam Navigation Company's Steamer *Euphrates*, from the 16th September 1867.

Mr. Frederick Wallridge was appointed 3rd Officer of the *Lord Elphinstone*, from the 22nd February 1868.

Mr. Bowren was appointed to the charge of the Steam Water Barge *Nicol*, from 29th February 1868.

Mr. Morris, 1st Class Engineer, assumed charge of the Smithy and of the Fitting and Lower Turnery of the Factory, on the 14th March 1868, vice Mr. McArthur, proceeded to Europe on medical certificate.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following temporary appointments are made under the Political Agency in Kattywar:

Mr Krishnajee Luxmon, Extra Assistant Political Agent, to act as Assistant Political Agent, from the 18th March 1868, and during the absence of Captain Russell, nominated to act as fourth Political Assistant.

Mr. Girdhurlall Oolutram to act as Second Extra Assistant, and Mr. J. Crowley to act as Third Extra Assistant Political Agent, from the 9th March 1868, and during the time Mr Krishnajee Luxmon may be Acting Assistant Political Agent.

Mr Juggonath Icharam, Sheristedar to the Political Agent, to act as Fourth Extra Assistant Political Agent, during the time Mr. Crowely may act as Third Extra Assistant.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Major C. E. Naylor to act as Cantonment Magistrate at Belgaum, during the absence of Major W. H. Mason, on leave, or until further orders.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council sanctions the closing of the Bombay Court of Small Causes, for the first vacation of the present year, from the 11th to the 31st May next (21 days inclusive.

Mr J. P. Bickersteth resumed charge of the office of Senior Magistrate of Police, Bombay, on the 12th March 1868, at 11 A.M.

Messrs. R. H. Showell and John Connon respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Second Magistrate of Police, Bombay, on the 2nd instant, after office hours.

Mr. G. Ayerst, Acting Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Ahmedabad for the detached Station of Kaira, assumed charge of his office on the 3rd instant, before noon.

Mr. W. Porteous, appointed to act as third Assistant to the Collector of Kaira, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class in the Kaira District.

Mr. W. S. Forman, appointed to act as Third Assistant to the Collector of Rutnagherry, is invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class in the Rutnagherry District.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned Junior Civil Servants passed examinations in the following languages on the 6th instant:—

Marathee.

Mr. J. F. Fleet, Mr. E. J. Ebden, Mr. W. S. Forman, Mr. S. H. McMinn, and Mr. G. B. Reid.

Guzerathee.

Mr. F. Birkbeck, Mr. W. Porteous, Mr. J. L. Johnston, and Mr. E. Dela G. Sharkey.

Hindoostanee.

Mr. A. D. Pollen, Mr. G. W. Vidal, Mr. W. H. Crowe, and Mr. H. J. Parsons.

Mr. W. Porteous to be Acting Third Assistant to the Collector of Kaira.

Mr. W. S. Forman to be Acting Third Assistant to the Collector of Rutnagherry.

Major R. R. Wallace to Act as Collector of Hyderabad, Sind, during the absence of Major F. Phillips on sick certificate.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. Gonne, Secretary to Government in the Political Judicial, and Educational Departments, to act as Chief Secretary to Government, and to be in charge of the Separate Department from the date of Mr. Ravenscroft's departure on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. Cristna Shastree Chiploonkur is appointed Reporter on the Native Press and Registrar of Native Publications in the Bombay Presidency.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

(Irrigation Branch.)

Mr. F. Jones received charge of the office of the Taptee Irrigation Survey on the forenoon of the 18th February 1868.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Reverend W. G. Eames having, on the 17th March 1868 completed ten year's service from date of arrival in India, is promoted to the grade of Senior Chaplain from that date.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Captain R. E. F. Cotgrave, R. E., received charge of the office of Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways in Sind, from Major J. Bonus, on the afternoon of the 24th March 1868.

THE NAVY ESTIMATES.

(Times, March 11.)

THE publication of the Navy Estimates reminds us that in the midst of political change the country is making its usual sacrifices to maintain a commanding position on the ocean. The exceptional expenditure of one period becomes the normal expenditure of the next, as the cost of human labour and warlike material increases, as mutual apprehension causes nations to watch each other's advances and exaggerate their own deficiencies, and as science suggests to each the means of supremacy by new and vaster constructions. A time of political agitation is not the best for criticizing the public departments, though those millions which appear every year in the national balance-sheet do really affect the public happiness more than many things which bear the name of "grievance" and give rise to animated debates. At some future time, when the reformed House of Commons has begun to work smoothly, the economists will have a hearing, but for the present we can only appeal to the departments themselves, and warn them that the prevailing indifference on the part of Parliament and the nation is not likely to last for ever. The actual position of the Navy ought to be satisfactory to naval men, for during many years the nation has denied the Admirality nothing, and the cost for the present year is in excess even of the liberal expenditure of recent years. The net amount of expenditure for Naval services in the year 1868-67, after deducting extra receipts and repayments made to the Exchequer, was 10,340,214*l.*; for 1867-68 it was 10,590,659*l.*; and for 1868-69 it is to be 10,733,998*l.*—the total Navy Estimates for 1868-69 being 11,177,290*l.*, which represents the total cost of the British Navy for the year. There is an increase in some items to which there will be no objection. For instance, the wages of seamen and marines amount to 3,036,634*l.*, being 85,682*l.* more than last year; victuals and clothing are 1,335,842*l.*, being an insrease of 94,228*l.* But the largest increase comes under the head of shipbuilding and repairs. In the Controller of the Navy's department there is an expenditure of 1,092,500*l.*, against 860,559*l.*, which will be easily understood when it is observed that the estimate for iron armour-plated ships, iron ship and gunboats building by contract is 435,000*l.*, against 251,830*l.* last year, and that under the head of "New Iron Armour-plated Ships" there is an item of 150,000*l.* which did not exist last year. On the other hand, there is a notable decrease under the head of Dockyards and Navalyards "at home and abroad." For last year it was 1,375,368*l.*; for the present it is only 1,223,562*l.*, thus giving a decrease of 151,806*l.* When we turn to the vote we find this decrease is entirely accounted for by the diminution of the amount paid as "Wages to Artificers, &c." This was for the year 1867-68 no less than 1,036,638*l.*; for the present year it is estimated at 879,859*l.* These are the chief fluctuations in the various departments of expenditure, but they do not indicate any important change of system. It may be said, however, that there is apparently a greater readiness on the part of the Admiralty to build ships such as modern warfare demands and to build them by contract instead of at the dockyards.

The most interesting part of the yearly volume to those who take an interest in the Navy will be the list of "ships building and completing for sea." The Hercules has been already launched; the Repulse is to be launched and completed within the present year; the New Hercules and the Iron Duke are to be considerably advanced. Of ironclad turret ships the Monarch is to be launched and completed for sea, and the New Monarch to be advanced. An iron frigate, the Inconstant, is to be launched at Pembroke and completed for sea at Portsmouth. The Cerberus, a turret-ship for Melbourne, is being built by private contract, and so are the iron corvettes Volage and Active, with eight "composite gun-vessels." We have already written on the Ironclad Fleet, and urged the Admiralty to save what it can on other parts of its expenditure, in order to give the country a few good vessels on which it can depend. Without any increase in the Naval Estimates—nay, after they have been considerably reduced—we believe it is possible to make the British Navy more formidable than at present, and to exert more real, though a less ostentatious, authority on the sea. The Admiralty has not yet recognized the great truth that the wooden navies of the world have ceased to exist as effective instruments of war. It is quite natural that naval officers and semi-naval civilians should be a long time in opening their eyes to this. The service has been organised on the principle of keeping a large number of officers employed. Everybody has been brought up under the cruising system; promotion has been regulated by it, each youth has entered the Navy with expectations founded on it, and each officer has a kind of vested interest in it. It need not be said that it gives patronage to those in power, and thus will find warm supporters so long as party politicians are men. But it is not the less doomed. It may go on, as we have said, till the political agitations of the day are quieted, and the public turns its attention resolutely to practical reforms of administration. Then it will be asked for what purpose this country keeps fleets and squadrons going to and fro on every sea, and consisting almost entirely of vessels which in time of war must fly to the nearest port in order to avoid destruction. Wooden line-of-battle ships, wooden frigates, wooden corvettes, are still parading the ocean, exciting the admiration of the barbarian nations to whose harbours they may go, but being as completely warlike impostures as the wooden fortifications and the sham guns of a Chinese commander. Not only have these squadrons not been diminished with the advance of science, but the number of vessels and of men has been increased. Yet every experienced seaman or engineer knows that the most powerful wooden line-of-battle ship could not live for an hour against the fire of an ironclad, though it were only some mean-looking Monitor, but that the splendid imposture must be taken off the high seas as speedily as possible after war is proclaimed. Who can believe that the West Indian or North American squadron would keep the seas in a war with the United States? Is it not fresh in remembrance that even poor old Spain, when we had a dispute with her a year ago, was able to frighten the whole Pacific squadron by a single ironclad, the Numancia? The old system must pass away, whatever prejudices may be shocked, whatever professional interests may suffer. All that the nation demands is that its shores and its commerce shall be kept in safety, and this will be accomplished far better by maintaining a sufficient number of really fighting ships at home than by the dispersion of a number of feeble ships all over the world.

There is reason to hope that a reform in this respect may be made before it is enforced by the public remonstrance. Last year the Secretary of the Admiralty, in introducing the Estimates, said, it is, in my opinion, a grave question for the House of Commons and the country to consider what is the absolute necessity of keeping up in all parts of the world large squadrons of small ships, which, when a big ship approaches them, must out and run." Mr. Childers on a subsequent occasion treated the subject at length and with adequate knowledge of details, pointing out how useless are these displays of force, and the extent to which they had been increased in recent years. The conclusion to which all examination of the subject tends is, that the British Navy should consist only of such vessels as are capable of meeting with that of the enemy's, and that, except for the special and minor services, the others should not be sent to sea at all. The national strength would be most effectively exerted by the maintenance of one or two powerful ironclad squadrons near home, ready to hasten to any part of the world where there services might be required. A Channel squadron and a Mediterrnean squadron of the finest vessels in the world would give us more legitimate confidence than all the world-wandering cruisers we maintain, and the money saved by the withdrawal of a useless force would probably more than cover the cost of effectual defences.

THE COST OF THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.

(Times, March 10.)

IT is but a few days since Mr. Disraeli, in answer to a question from Mr. Walley, stated, with rather unsatisfactory brevity, that he had no reason to believe the estimate of the cost of the Abyssinian campaign which he offered to the House in November last had been exceeded. As is generally the case when an answer is studiously given in the terms of the question, we are left quite in doubt of Mr. Disraeli's meaning, which may be that the estimate which had been made up to a certain time had not been exceeded at the expiration of that time. However, the day is at hand when all such fencing with the subject must be abandoned, for the Budget of 1868 approaches, and then the Abyssinian war must be contemplated in all its protraction and costliness. We have a foretaste of what is to come. Mr. Ward Hunt is a new Chancellor of the Exchequer, and not a veteran statesman. He feels a qualm where his leader, a political gladiator of thirty campaigns, coolly turns an adversary's point aside. Mr. Hunt, though very naturally defending the policy of this country in sending an expedition to the rescue of the captives, speaks of the great anxiety and great labour that it has cost him, in his former position of Secretary to the Treasury, to provide for the campaign, and confesses that the "immense expenditure" which is now being made must enhance the difficulties of the task he will have to perform. We have no desire to increase the new Chancellor of the Exchequer's troubles by any anticipatory criticism; we would rather condole with him as the victim

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—MESSRS. MARTIN, YOUNG, & Co.'s OFFICES are now at No. 12 APOLLO, STREET, Fort David Sassoon's Building.

TINCTURES, ESSENCES, LINIMENTS, &c., can now be obtained at our Fort and Byculla HOUSES at ENGLISH PRICES. To Surgeons, and Owners of Dispensaries, this is a matter of interest, which, when found, they would do well to "make a note of."
ROGERS & Co.

BOTTLES, Stoppered and Plain, of all sizes, suitable for Stock or Dispensing purposes, at little more than INVOICE COST.
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SMELLING BOTTLES.—A choice assortment, with Gold and Silver Mountings, at greatly reduced prices.
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MICROSCOPES.—Only a few of these Instruments on hand, very powerful and astonishingly cheap.
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AN AIR PUMP, complete, in good working order, will be sold a bargain.
22, Rampart Row, Bombay. ROGERS & Co.

METAL MART, BOREE BUNDER.—Shortly expected per *Prince Alfred* three hand FIRE ENGINES, by Shand, Mason, and Co.
Daily expected per *Dilbhur* a small quantity of GALVANISED STRAND WIRE for Fencing.
Now in stock—GALVANISED CORRUGATED IRON; SHEET ZINC; BAR and PLATE; ANGLE and T. IRON; CAST, SHEER, and BLISTER STEEL; CAST IRON, WROUGHT IRON, and LEAD PIPES; STEAM ENGINES; STEAM and HAND CRANES and WINCHES; LEATHER BELTING; ENGINEERS', CONTRACTORS', and JOINERS' TOOLS; CAST IRON GATES, VERANDAHS, &c.
Estimates given for all kinds of Iron Work and Machinery. W. NICOL & Co.

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PHOTOGRAPHS in all the newest styles taken daily at the Studio in Apollo Street from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and earlier by appointment.
Ladies and Gentlemen attended at their own Bungalows for Groups, Views, &c., without any extra charge.
Lockets, Brooches, Bracelets, Earrings, Charms, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Alberts and other Guard Chains, of first Class quality and make, also Carte de Visite and other Albums for 2 and 4, Cartes de Visite on a page. A large collection of views, groups, and characters C. D. V. are always open for inspection.
Ladies and Gentlemen purchasing any articles of Jewellery from L. & W. that will carry a Photo., will have the same taken and inserted free of charge.

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FOR INDIA, CHINA, AND THE COLONIES.
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IRON and BRASS BEDSTEADS
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The Patent is for preventing the material from felting into mass, and is especially suited for warm climates.

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BEDSTEAD, BEDDING, AND BED ROOM FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,
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BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY' LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given that the following PROPERTIES will be submitted for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION in May next, unless previously disposed of privately:—

1. MALABAR HILL PROPERTY—measuring about 1,64,662 square yards, has been laid out in 17 building sites, in 7 of which there are large well-built Dwelling-houses with Stabling, &c. Will be sold as a whole or in separate lots.

2. CHOWPATTY PROPERTY—measuring about 7,419 square yards, which belonged formerly to MR. DADABHOY BYRAMJEE, and is registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay as No. —

3. GIRGAUM PROPERTY—measuring about 18,255 square yards, at present used as the Company's Store-yard. There are a substantial Dwelling-house and several large Godowns in this property.

4. COLABA PROPERTY—measuring about 5,364 square yards, together with the large Dwelling-house &c., thereon, at present occupied by MR. CURSETJEE FURDONJEE.

Offers for the above Properties will be received by the undersigned, from whom all necessary information can be had on application.

JAMES G. SMITH, } Liquidators
JAMES RANKIN, }
Elphinstone Circle, 16th March 1868.

THE WHEEL OF LIFE, OR ZOETROPE.
PRICE—RS. 18.

Extracts from Opinions of the Press.

"The most curious optical Instrument that ever amused a Christmas party. Some of its combination are utterly inexplicable."—*Times.*

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"It is a most extraordinary Instrument, and the effects it produces are irresistibly comic. It is so simple that it can be worked from a drawing-room table. It will afford plenty of mirth for the forthcoming Christmas parties."—*Standard.*

"This ingenious Optical apparatus will as much surprise the philosopher as delight the child."—*Advertiser.*

"We cannot attempt to describe how the results are produced; suffice it to say they will keep any Christmas party in high glee."—*Star.*

"The 'Wheel of Life' is an endless fund of enjoyment for young and old. The motions are most remarkable, and some quite inexplicable."—*Scotchman.*
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co.

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ORIENTAL EXCHANGE AND TIFFIN ROOMS.
BELOW LINDLEY AND WARREN'S STUDIO, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

REFRESHMENTS of every description of the best quality always ready.
Ale, Wines, Spirits, &c., of superior quality only, and invariably served with ice.
Separate sitting rooms with clean and careful attendance.

Bread and Cheese.	Tea and Coffee.
Cold Ham and Mutton.	Sandwiches.
Fresh Oysters.	Sausages.
Ice Creams.	Cold Drinks.
Sardines.	Cakes, &c. &c.

LUNCH FROM 1 TILL 3 P. M. DAILY.

To the Ladies and Gentlemen visiting the Fort and to the Commanders and Officers of vessels in harbour, the "Oriental" will be found the best and the most convenient of any other place for obtaining wholesome refreshments and drinks at all times and at a moment's notice.

TERMS POSITIVELY CASH.
OPEN DAILY FROM 7 A. M. TILL 10 P. M.

WINDING UP.
25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

MESSRS. ROGERS & Co. have still on hand a considerable portion of their STOCK, which they are now SELLING OFF, for CASH only, at prices which they venture to think will please all who may favour them with orders.
Their Stock is of too varied a nature to detail fully, but the following list will give a slight idea of what it consists:—
AIR-TIGHT TIN BOXES; TRAVELLING BATHS WITH COVER, LOCK AND KEY; TAPER, HIP, AND SPONGING BATHS; TOILET CANS AND PAILS; MEDICINE CHESTS; SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS; ELECTRIC MACHINES; SPECTACLES; EYE GLASSES; FLOWER VASES; TOILET REQUISITES; METAL SOAP BOXES; FLESH GLOVES; HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS; TOOTH BRUSHES; REQUISITES FOR THE SICK CHAMBER AND NURSERY; SELTZOGENES FOR MAKING SODA WATER; HYDROMETERS; THERMOMETERS; MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, AND CLAY PIPES, CHERRY STEMS, CIGARETTE PAPER, MACDOUGAL'S POWDER, CONDY'S FLUID, MURRAY'S SPECIFIC, GOA POWDER, an infallable cure for Ringworm, GRANULAR CITRATE OF MAGNESIA, CHELTENHAM SALTS, COD LIVER OIL, DR. LAZARUS'S ESSENCE OF CHIRETTA, HOCKINS' SEIDLITZ, BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, MACASSAR OIL, ODONTO, FEEDING BOTTLES, NURSERY LAMPS, ROBBS' BISCUITS, &c.
An excellent assortment of CRICKET BATS and BALLS, Gun Metal and Steel QUOITS
They are also prepared to fill MEDICINE CHESTS of any size on most moderate terms.
R. & Co would particularly beg to call the attention of Messrs. Importers of Wine, and Manufacturers of Aerated Waters to their immense stock of CORKS, suitable for bottles of every size.
They would also invite the notice of WHOLESALE BUYERS to the following STORES, which they will supply at special quotations according to quantity:—
STOPPERED AND COMMON BOTTLES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, EITHER FOR ICE MACHINES, WASHING SODA, BRIDGE'S SARSAPARILLA, HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, HOCKINS' SEIDLITZ, PERFUMES BY VIOLET AND LUBIN, BAR AND FANCY SOAPS in great variety.
A small cosignment of LIGHT BREAKFAST CLARET, which requires no recommendation beyond the Vintner's name, J. J. Bordes.
BASS'S BEER in Quarts, bottled here, Rs. 4-8 per dozen nets. Discount on large orders.
A BANKER'S SAFE, measuring 6ft. by 4½ft. by 2½., well worthy the attention of Merchants.
A PALANQUIN SHIGRAM in good order.
Orders from Outstations must be accompanied by a remittance.
P.S.—Messrs. R & Co. take this opportunity of thanking those of their Constituents who have so kindly answered their call for the payment of outstandings, and trust that those who may still be in arrears will be good enough to pay what they owe to the Firm as early as possible.

NOTICES.

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CONDENSED SWISS MILK, in Tin Boxes of 1 lb. each, very suitable for Invalids, up-country and Home Travellers. ROSSELET & Co.

CHOCOLATE & TURKISH SWEETMEATS and CHRYSTALIZED FRUITS.
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DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—THE best remedy for Acidity of the STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT, and INDIGESTION; and the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, especially adapted for Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for *regular* use in Warm Climates.
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N. B. ASK for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

KINLOCH AND ALLAN, IRON MERCHANTS, Marine Street.
Galvanized Corrugated Iron, 22, and 24 gauge.
" Ridging and Fittings.
Bar, Plate, Sheet and Hoop Iron.
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Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes.
Lead Pipes, Sheet Lead.
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Steam Crane to lift 5 tons.
A highly finished 10 H. P. Horizontal Engine.
A highly finished 10 H. P. Portable Engine.
Boiler Tubes, 3½ and 3½ outside diameter.
Shortly expected a shipment of 20 gauge Galvanized Corrugated Iron.
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ESTABLISHED IN 1850.
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
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Has always on hand a choice selection of [Fashionable Millinery, kept up by supplies received Overland.

Ladies' own Materials made up.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS EXECUTED WITH THE GREATEST CARE AND PUNCTUALITY

Orders from Outstations promptly attended to, which must be accompanied by a Remittance or reference for Payment in Bombay.

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CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.,
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(*Opposite the Secretariate.*)

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Drugs, Chemicals, Genuine Patent Medicines.
Select preparations of all sorts.
Medicine Chests, Dietetic preparations of all kinds for Children and Invalids regularly received Overland to ensure their freasdess.
Perfumery, Soaps and Cosmetiques from the best French and English Manufacturers.
Orders from Outstations carefully attended to and forwarded with despatch. As Messrs. T. & Co. live on the premises they will personally attend to all Medicines urgently required during the night.

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THIS COLLEGE is conducted on the MODEL of the GREAT PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
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There are SCHOLARSHIPS OF CONSIDERABLE VALUE attached to the College, to be held either in the College or at the Universities.
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N. B.—The genuine has the name BISHOP upon the Bottle, also the Name and Trade Mark upon the Label, and is sold in convenient sizes, and secured in so perfect a manner that it may be shipped with safety to any part of the world.
Manufacturer also of Granulated and Effervescent Carbonate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, Citrate of Quinine, Citrate of Quinine and Iron, Carbonate of Lithia in Tubes, Citrate of Lithia, Vichy Salt, Seidlitz Mixture, and all other Granulated Preparations.
IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.—MR. Bishop, having discovered that the Label which he has used for the last five years is being imitated, recently applied to the COURT OF CHANCERY for an INJUNCTION to restrain such imitation. The Injunction was immediately granted, and the Defendant was ordered to pay all MR. Bishop's Costs and destroy the Lables complained of.
Also Bishop's NEW REMEDY FOR SEA SICKNESS should be in the hands of every person travelling by sea.
TREACHER & Co., Agents, for Western India.

GOVERNMENT ICE HOUSE, No. 2, APOLLO STREET. (Established under the auspices of Government and the Ice Committee, with the view of insuring continuous supplies of AMERICAN ICE at cheap and uniform rates.)
This Ice House already enjoys a very extensive patronage among the Ice-consumers in Bombay, and its vicinity, as well as at the out-stations, who evidently see their own interest in supporting an undertaking, that ensures them continuous supplies of this very necessary article at a cheap and uniform price, in lieu of uncertain supplies and fluctuating prices.
TERMS OF AGREEMENT WITH THE ICE COMMITTEE.—The terms of agreement with the Ice Committee that are favourable to the Ice-consumers, are,—
1st.—"That the lessees bind themselves in the most stringent manner to keep up a constant supply of American Ice.
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OUT-STATION ORDERS.—Orders from out-stations particularly attended to, whether received by Mail or Telegraph, and Ice will be despatched up-country or down the coast in locked boxes (especially made for the purpose) if required.
CREDIT ACCOUNTS.—Pass Books are issued, and Monthly Credit Accounts opened, for the convenience of constituents, as well as to ensure their receiving the quantity of Ice ordered, which is by no means certain (in very many cases) when native servants, peons, &c., are sent with Cash in hand.
SHIPPING IN THE HARBOUR.—Particular attention is paid to the prompt execution of orders for the Shipping in Harbour. Pass Books are issued, and Monthly Accounts opened with Commanders of Steamers as well as Shipmasters generally.
HOURS OF DELIVERY.—From 6 A.M. until 6 P.M. during the week, and from 6 until 10 A.M. Sundays. *In cases of illness, at any hour, day or night.*
FORM OF ADDRESS.—All communications should be addressed to "The Managers, Government Ice House," No. 2, Apollo Street, Bombay.

TRAVELLING CLOCKS.—A very complete assortment of the above just received.
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STEREOSCOPICAL VIEWS.—Views of the Paris Exhibition, black, coloured and transparent. Marines, changing and animated groups. Views for Albums.
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WATCHES.—Gold and Silver Watches for Ladies' and Gentlemen, simple and complicated, warranted and expressly adapted for the Indian climate.
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MUSICAL BOXES of all descriptions, playing English, Irish and Scotch Tunes.
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MESSRS. FAVRE, LEUBA & Co., beg to notify that they have received their fresh Stock of Jewellery, Watches and Clocks. Also a great variety of fancy and useful articles from France and Germany suitable for presents, &c. &c.,
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY and MUSICAL BOXES carefully repaired.

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WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, ENGRAVERS AND OPTICIANS.

Prize Medals obtained at the International Exhibition of London, Paris, New-York, Berne (Switzerland) and Oporto (Pugal.)

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P. E. S. lets out on hire good Palanquin Shigrams, Phaetons, Broughams, or Carriages, with either one horse or a pair.—Carges moderate. Terms cash in advance.

MME. FREDERIC CAUVIN gives, FRENCH LESSONS in all its branches, and leaves the hour to the disposition of the Learner.
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Meadow Street, No. 5, near Rosselet & Co.

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The Bandeine, a prompt and most efficient remedy for Asiatic Cholera, Yellow Fever, Dysentery, and Diarrhœa.
Gold Medal, Cholera, 1854.

Large size bottles 11s., medium size 6s. 6d., small size 1s. 1½d.
Instructions for the treatment of Asiatic Cholera, Yellow Fever, Dysentery, and Diarrhœa accompany each bottle and bear the signature of Dr. V. Baud.

THE DIASTATIZED ORGANIC IRON,
For strengthening the system.
THE DIASTATIZED ORGANIC IODINE,
For purifying the blood.
In the shape of Sweetmeats, and pleasant to the taste.
Price 2s. 9d. per Bottle.
General Agent, CHARLES LANGE, 6, Monkwell S. London.

BYCULLA HOTEL, at the junction of the Sellasis and Clare Road, Byculla.
This Hote is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner, no expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable Establishment both for Gentlemen and Families to be found in Bombay. The Sleeping Apartments and Sitting Rooms are replete with every convenience and the strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the premises.
The Table is abundantly supplied with viands of unrivalled excellence, and the Culinary Department is under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.
The Wines, Liquors, and Beer are of the very best description, supplied direct from the most celebrated houses in the London and Continental markets.
The Proprietor confidently recommends this Establishment to the patronage of Travellers and Residents, all of whom may be here accommodated with the comforts of a home at moderate charges.
The Hotel is pleasantly situated and within five minutes' drive of both the Railway Stations, and may be reached in a short time from the Bunders.
Byculla Hotel, 7th June 1867.

SARSAPARILLA.

Scrofula, Eruptions of the Face, Boils, Glandular Affections, Scorbutic Spots, Gout, Rheumatic Pains, Acidity of the Stomach, and all Skin Diseases are removed or ameliorated by taking

WATTS'S
ALKALINE COMPOUND OF SARSAPARILLA.

This invaluable preparation not only gives tone to the system, but purifies the blood, exhilarates the spirits, and strengthens the constitution. This solution being a concentrated article, and prepared by steam, is more efficacious, and cheaper, than those medicines generally sold as Sarsaparillas.
During the last 30 years it has been strongly recommended by the Medical Profession.
Sold in bottles at 4s, 6d- and 10s. 6d. each. Manufacturing Agents Cox, GOULD & Co., Chemists, London.
Agents in Calcutta—R. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay—Treacher & Co.; Madras—Barrie & Co.; The Punjaub Trading Co. Limited Umballa, Meean Meer, Lucknow and Simla.

FRAUD.

On the 27th June, 1866, MOTEEWALLAH, a Printer, was convicted at the Supreme Court, Calcutta, of counterfeiting

LABELS
of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, and was sentenced by Mr. Justice Phear to
TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT
And on the 30th of the same month, for
SELLING SPURIOUS ARTICLES
bearing Labels in imitation of Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, the said MOTEEWALLAH was sentenced, by the Suburban Magistrate at Sealdah, to
TWO YEARS RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.
CAUTION.—Any one SELLING SPURIOUS OILMEN'S STORES, under Crosse & Blackwell's name, will be liable to the same punishment, and will be vigorously prosecuted. Purchasers are recommended to examine all goods carefully before taking delivery of them. The GENUINE Manufactures of Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell is may be had from EVERY RESPECTABLE DEALER in India.

LIQUOR CARBONIS DETERGENS
Or Concentrated Alcoholic Solution of the Constituents of Coal Tar.
Extract from *Lancet*, December 22, 1866.
LIQ. CARBONIS DETERGENS.—We are very sceptical of the value of new remedies, and it was in a spirit of scepticism that we tried the liq. carbonis detergens. It is represented to be a concentrated alcoholic solution of the constituents of coal tar, and to contain all the active ingredients of the tar, to wit, benzine, naphthaline, and phenic acid. The addition of water, with agitation, makes a dutable emulsion, in which tar remains in a state of fine suspension, almost equivalent to solution. Our therapeutical experience of the preparation is very satisfactory indeed. In our hands it has been a most effective agent in the case of various skin diseases, especially of the chronic eczematous class; and one case of psoriasis which had resisted all other kinds of treatment speedily got well under the application of the liq. carbonis detergens. We esteem it a very valuable addition to our list of skin remedies, and worthy of a very extended trial by the profession. In the above diseases we have, and in various others, such as fetid ulcers, &c., the preparation is put into the form of Soap

PURE COAL TAR SOAP.
(REGISTERED AS SAPO CARBONIS DETERGENS.)
This Soap is unrivalled as a
SKIN SOAP,
as proved by abundant medical testimony. By daily use infectious diseases are prevented, and a clear and healthy appearance imparted to the skin.
Sold in tablets at 6d. and 1s. each, by all Chemists. The above are manufactured by the Sole Proprietors,
W. V. WRIGHT AND COMPANY.,
Wholesale and Export Druggists, Manufacturing Chemists, &c,
SOUTHWARK STREET, LONDON, S.E.
Removed from No. 11, Old Fish Street, E.C.
Established 1667.
Messrs. W. V. WRIGHT & Company, will be happy to forward to the trade, free of all charge, a Monthly Price Current of Drugs, Chemicals, Pharmaceutical and Photographic Chemicals, of their especial manufacture, of guaranteed purity.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED AND HOUSE PROPERTY at MAHALUXMEE, without the Fort walls of Bombay, known as FRAMJEE HALL.
Messrs. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY and COMPANY will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION (by order of Mortgagees) on the premises, on SATURDAY the 25th of April 1868:—All that piece of land called Conyachavar Dongry Parachy and Boricham Varcannick, situate at Mahaluxmee, without the Fort walls of Bombay, together with the messuage, bungalow, stable, and premises erected and standing partly thereon and partly on the leasehold land next described, which said piece of land contains by admeasurement fourteen thousand nine hundred and ninety-two square yards or thereabouts, and is bounded as follows, that is to say: on the east by hilly ground now or formerly belonging partly to Cowasjee Hormusjee and partly to Nowrojee Mherjee, on the west by public road leading from the Breach, on the north by land of the said Nowrojee Mherjee and on the south by the garden now or lately belonging to Madhoba Hurrychunderjee. The land is entered in the Collector's book under No. 334 and the buildings are assessed under No 35, Breach Candy Road.
And also all that piece of hilly ground, being the upper part of the eastern side of the hill called by the name of Mahaluxmee Dongry, held on a renewable lease for ninety-nine years at a monthly rent of Rs. 100 at Mahaluxmee aforesaid, containing five thousand eight hundred and sixteen square yards more or less, and bounded as follows, that is to say: on the east by the property now, or lately of Goolbai, widow of Jehanghier Byramjee, on the west by the properties now or lately of the said Cowasjee Hormusjee Rustom Framjee and of the said Nowrojee Nanabhoy Framjee, on the north by the property now or lately of the said Nowrojee Nanabhoy Framjee, and on the south by the property now or lately of Madhoba Hurrychunderjee and Maneckjee Dadabhoy Sawyer, and which said bungalow is known as Framjee Hall.
These premises are exceedingly well situate, being on rising ground open to the sea with a magnificent view of the northern part of Bombay and of the neighbouring Island of Salsette.
The buildings are very fine, with spacious apartments fitted for Reception and Sleeping Rooms in the best style, with all modern improvements at very great cost, and are perfectly suited for a first class European Hotel or Club.
For particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. REMINGTON, HORE and LANGLEY, Solicitors, Apollo Street, Fort.

WANTED.

WANTED a MECHANIC acquainted with the beating and keeping in order STEAM FRAMES and CIRCULAR SAWS. Apply to Mr. McKENZIE, Tank Bunder, Saw Mill.

HARBOUR AND PILOTAGE BOARD.—NOTICE.—WANTED, three PROBATIONERS for the Bombay New Pilotage Service. Salary Rupees 80 per month. Applications, with Testimonials, should be forwarded to the Master Attendant. No application will be entertained from persons holding a lower certificate than that of first Mate.
By Order,
HENRY MORLAND,
Lieut., late I. N., Secretary.
Bombay, 7th April 1868.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET, from 15th April, KATEVILLE, 117 Malabar Hill. Apply to 1 Forbes Street. FINLAY, CLARK & Co.

TO LET.—ROOMS IN GRANT BUILDINGS.—The two houses in Forbes Street, next to Messrs. ERNNETT & Co.
The house No. 6, Cowasjee Patell Street, Fort. Stabling near the Elphinstone Circle,—Apply to REMINGTON and Co. Agents, Land Mortgage Bank of India, Limited.

TO LET, an airy and commodious BUNGALOW, No. 40, suitable for Europeans and Natives, situated on Bellasis Road, near the Bombay Hotel, in the 15th Camateepoora Street. Water Pipes are laid in all suitable places, and also a Stable below the premises.
For Rent and further particulars, apply to the undersigned, at their Office, No. 6 Rampart Row.
Bombay, 19th March 1868. HEERALALL & Co.

TO BE LET, a BUNGALOW, in a cool and healthy part, between Naigaum and Matoonga, 10 minutes' walk from the Dadur Railway Station, lately occupied by J. H. SMITH, P. & O. Co., with good Compound, Water Pipes and Stable, and every suitable convenience for Europeans. Satisfactory references have been given by the old tenants of the place. Rent Rs. 50. Apply on the spot, or to MUNCHERJEE RUSTOMJEE, Glass Merchant, Gunbow Street, Fort.

NOTICE.—TO LET, on MALABAR HILL, the property of the Bombay Reclamation Company, Limited, (in Liquidation):—
House No. 1, at present occupied by J. P. GREEN, Esq., Barrister. Rent Rs. 350 per month.
House No. 4, at present occupied by PROCTOR-SIMS, Esq. Rent Rs. 250.
Possession can be had before the 1st proximo.
JAMES G. SMITH, } Liquidators.
JAMES RANKEN, }
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 5th March 1868.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, at the Office of this Paper—Price Rs. 4—Rules relating to the winding up of Joint Stock Companies, made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, pursuant to Section 189 of the Indian Companies' Act 1866.

FOR SALE, a high caste Bay Arab HORSE. Height 14-2½. Age 5 years. Weight carrier. Also a four-wheeled DOG CART, with HOOD, and HORSE, and set of single HARNESS—owner going home. Apply to ALI ABDOOLAH, Byculla Commission Stables.

FOR SALE.—Two Locomotives, one manufactured at the Atlas Works, Manchester, and the other by Neilson, of Glasgow. Also duplicate Machinery for the same.
For further particulars apply to W. NICOL & Co.
Bombay, 12th February, 1868.

FOR SALE, MAHABULESHWAR POTATOES, best quality, in baskets of 4 maunds. Rs. 12 per basket.—Cash.
COLZA OIL in drums of 5 Gallons. Rs. 12 per drum.—Cash. Apply at No. 10, Hummum Street.
CHESSON AND WOODHALL.

FOR SALE.—Just arrived by Overland Mail and per "CORONA"
Salted Beef in Tierces and Barrel.
Do. Pork do. do- do.
Preserved Assorted Meat.
Egyptian Flour in Barrel.
Apply to the undersigned.
DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co.
Nesbit Lane, Fort.

RED BOOT MART.—Just unpacked, the following CONSIGNMENT of GOODS, consisting of:—
Gent's Calf Walking Boots, xetrr stout.
Do. Enamel do. do.
Do. do. Jack Boots.
Do. Calf Wellington's, spur boxes.
Do. Patent Dress do. do.
29th Feb. 1868. R. PARTRIDGE.

JUST LANDED EX "MONTROSE."—FOR SALE, a full size BILLIARD TABLE, of solid Mahogany, by Thurston, with Slate Bed, Cloth, Billiard Balls, Cues, Rests, Marking Board, &c., complete. Sets of single HARNESS plated on German Silver. Double-barrel rifles by "Reilly," of Oxford Street, in cases complete. Apply to NANSEE PARPIA,
Parell Road, Byculla.
Bombay, 10th March 1868.

HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER begs respectfully to inform his Patrons and the Public that he has received per Overland Mail a trial shipment of the undermentioned Specialities, which is now exposed for sale at his Rooms. In making this announcement he begs respectfully to tender his thanks to all who have hitherto favoured him with their confidence, with an assurance that nothing shall be wanting on his part to secure a continuance of their patronage:
HARRIS'S JUSTLY CELEBRATED HARNESS COMPOSITION, Polishing Paste, Plate Steel and Urn Powders. HARRIS'S FURNITURE POLISH. This useful and excellent article preserves and beautifies mahogany, stained wood, and all furniture that requires polish, and retain its beauty for a considerable length of time, by only an occasional rub with a soft dry cloth or brush. HARRIS'S WATERPROOF JAPAN FOR ENAMELLED LEATHER. This preparation is adapted for beautifying and preserving enamelled and patent leather, coach and cab heads, gig aprons, portmanteaus, hunting, shooting &c. boots and shoes; also, all other kinds of leather exposed to wet, to which it imparts (without the labour of brushing) a brilliant jet polish, waterproof, clean and durable. HARRIS'S HARNESS BLACKING. This inestimable composition without labour (as it requires no brushing) produces a brilliant jet black, affords peculiar nourishment to the leather, and is perfectly free from any unpleasans smell. HARRIS'S MILITARY AND NAVAL EXQUISITE BRILLIANT CHEMICAL PASTE, for finely polishing brass, white metal goods, &c., &c. HARRIS'S LADIES' BLACKING, for beautifying with ease and expedition Ladies' black, real, kid, Spanish, and Cordovan boots and shoes. HARRIS'S BLACK DYE. This preparation completely renovates the appearance of carriage heads, gig aprons, harness, or any other kind of leather work where surface of the same is worn brown; and prevents, by being occasionally used, the leather becoming so. HARRIS'S WATERPROOF HARNESS POLISH. HARRIS'S LUSTRE SHOE BLACKING AND PASTE. Also a few sets of fresh Leather Gig Harness on German Silver Buckles, an everlasting Plate.
Just landed ex "Nelson."
A batch of Children's double and single-seated Perambulators, with Hoods. They are neatly and tastefully lined and painted, much superior in finish to the last shipment.
In soliciting the patronage of Constituents up-country, H. R. BAXTER begs to inform them that every exertion shall be used on his part to execute Orders promptly and economically.
HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER.
No. 26 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.—At the Rooms of BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY, Commission Agent, next to the Book and Tract Society, Esplanade.
The Properties of 2 Gentlemen.
A first-class English-built light Dog Cart expressly built to order by Bennian & Healey, Liverpool, and which cost six months ago £80.
A nearly new light Mail Phaeton, with moveable hind seat to make a Waggonette at pleasure, by Moss Builder, 98, Euston Road.
A nearly new Cab Buggy, on C. Springs, by James Henderson, Glasgow.
The property of a Gentleman.
A first-rate very handsome and nearly new full size Miniature Brougham, with circular Glasses on front, lamps and pole, by Laurie and Manner, expressly built to order for India.
A nearly new four-seated Open Carriage, with lamps and pole, by Windower.
ALSO,
2 full size Miniature Broughams, by Edwin Kesterton, Longacre.
1 very handsome nearly new English-built four-seated Cab Phaeton, with Lamps, Sole, and Shafts, by "Jones," of Southampton.
1 Ditto very small self-driving Poney Phaeton, with Lamps and Shafts.
1 Very handsome new English-built Cab Buggy, on C. springs, by Silk and Sons.
1 Ditto Ditto small Park Phaeton, with moveable Driving box.
1 English-built door Shigram, by Laing and Melvill.
1 Ditto Brougham ditto by E. Davis.
1 Ditto London Sociable ditto.
FOR SALE.—The property of Captain R. CURLING, Commander of the P. and O. Company's Service, proceeded to England.
A first-class nearly new English-built light London Sociable, by J. Buchanan Co., Glasgow, with a set of nearly new plated mounted Harness.
The above Carriage to be seen at the Commission Rooms of the undersigned on the varge of Esplanade Cross Road